95

Rec. No. 1757053... Mory Ann Feuerstein, Recorder

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, a public hearing was held on February 18, 1976, in the chambers of the Board of County Commissioners, Weld County, Colorado, for the purpose of hearing a petition of National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration & National Center for Atmospheric Research, Enviornmental Research Laboratories, Boulder, Colorado, requesting a change of zone from "A" Agricultural District to "S" Scientific District, Planned Unit Development, and

WHEREAS, the petitioner was present, being represented by Dr. C. Gordon Little, Director of the Administration and Laboratories, and

WHEREAS, there was no opposition to the change of zone, and

WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners heard all the testimony and statements of those present, and

WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners has studied the request of petitioner and studied the recommendations of the Weld County Planning Commission as submitted, and having been fully informed;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Board of County Commissioners, that the petition of National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration & National Center for Atmospheric Research, Enviornmental Research Laboratories, Boulder, Colorado, for a change of zone from "A" Agricultural District to "S" Scientific District, Planned Unit Development, said area being more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the Southwest corner of Section 16, Township 1 North, Range 68 West, of the Sixth Principal Meridian; thence North along the West line of said Section, a distance of 30.00 feet; thence East, parallel to the South line of said Section, a distance of 30.00 feet to the Point of Beginning; thence North, parallel to the West line of said Section, a distance of 5203.18 feet; thence right 89°36'50", and parallel to the North line of the Northwest Quarter of said Section, a distance of 2624, 40 feet to a point on the North-South centerline of said Section; thence Left 0°0'13" and parallel to the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section, a distance of 995.14 feet; thence right 90°39'56", a distance of 629.88 feet; thence left 90°38'01", a distance of 332.87 feet; thence left 89°28'19", a distance of 630.05 feet, to a point 30.00 feet South of the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16; thence right 89°26'24", and parallel to the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 331.71 feet; thence right 90°27'16", a distance of 630.23 feet; thence left 90°25'21", a distance of 332.87 feet; thence left 89°41'00" a distance of 630.41 feet to a point 30.00 feet South of the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16; thence right 89°39'05", and parallel to the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 331.71 feet; thence right 90°14'36", a distance of 1291.17 feet; thence left 90°10' 45", a distance of 304.09 feet to a point on the East line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16: thence right 90°04'25", and parallel to the East line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 1321, 50 feet to a point on the East-West centerline of said Section 16; thence right 0005'42" and parallel to the East line of the Southeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 2613.12 feet; thence right 90°01'08" and parallel

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to the South line of the Southeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 2696.26 feet to a point on the North-South centerline of said Section 16; thence right 0°0'06" and parallel to the South line of the Southwest Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 2570.38 feet to the Point of Beginning, containing 610.8994 acres, more or less, and

is hereby granted under the conditions following:

- 1. That any water and sanitation facilities to be installed shall be approved by the State Health Department.
- 2. All applicable subdivision regulations and zoning regulations shall be followed and complied with in accordance with the zoning regulations of Weld County, Colorado.
- 3. That said change of zone herein granted is conditional only for a period of twelve (12) months from date hereof, on condition that developer proceed with due diligence to begin development of the area rezoned and submit plans for such development for the approval of the Weld County Planning Commission and subsequent recording of said plans in the office of the County Clerk and Recorder of Weld County, Colorado.

Dated this 23rd day of February, A.D., 1976.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

ATTEST: 5 he Shake

Weld County Clerk and Recorder

and Clerk to the Board

Deputy County Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Special Legal Counsel

- The Joint Meteorological Observing Facility (JMOF) shall be a 620 acre field site owned by the Federal Government for the measurement of atmospheric science parameters, and the development testing, demonstration and calibration of new remote sensing instruments.
- 2. Permitted uses shall include:
 - A. A 985' (300 m) guyed tower with meteorolocial instrumentation mounted at seven levels and lighted according to F.A.A. recommendations. The tower will display continuously operating white strobe lights at three levels (X', Y' and Z') on each side of the tower. An elevator and carriage will be within structural guideways, and instrument booms will project ten to twelve feet from the tower at six levels (A', B', C', D', E', and F').
 - B. A 25,000 square foot research laboratory and office huilding to house 30 40 staff members of the National Center for Atmospheric Research. A site development plan shall be submitted for recommendation by the Planning Commission and for approval by the Board of County Commissioners. Such plan shall include details of construction specifications and location, traffic circulation and parking, utilities, fire protection, drainage, landscaping, etc. No development or construction shall commence until said plan is approved by the Board and appropriate permits secured.
 - C. Portable office laboratory modules to be used prior to and during construction of the permanent NCAR building. Such modules shall meet all applicable standards of the Weld County Building Inspection Department, the Weld County Health Department, and the Dacono Fire Protection District. The modules shall be removed within 90 days of issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy for the NCAR structure.
 - D. Instruments and measurement systems located on the ground and around the perimeter of the tower and mounted on vehicles; stabilized parking surfaces with tie downs and electrical connections for such vehicles.
 - E. Weather balloon launchings and tethered balloons; occasional aircraft fly-bys for instrument calibration purposes.
 - F. Dryland cultivation and pasture.
 - G. Seeding of native, dryland grasses within a 1200 foot radius of the tower to obtain a uniform ground cover.
 - H. An eight-foot high security fence surrounding the tower base to prevent unauthorized access to the tower.
 - I. An unlighted, painted, wooden sign, six feet by four feet, installed adjacent to the access road off County Road 8 leading to the officelab modules. Detailed plans for any other signs shall be submitted to the Planning Commission for recommendation and to the Board of County Commissioners for approval prior to erection.

- J. A stabilized parking area adjacent to the office-lab for approximately twelve vehicles. Additional parking area will be part of the site development plan for the NCAR area.
- Four or five persons will work daily at the JMOF until the NCAR structure is completed. Additional staff and guests will be on site intermittantly.
- 4. Building permits shall be secured prior to construction, and all inspections required by the Building Inspection Department shall be called for.
- Temporary and permanent structures shall have a minimum setback of 75 feet from any existing road right-of-way or from any proposed right-of-way included in the adopted Weld County Thoroughfare Plan.
- 6. Weed and dust control shall be practiced.
- All county road access points shall be approved as to location and construction by the County Engineer.
- Landscaping shall be designed and proposed as part of the NCAR site development plan in 2B above.
- 9. Utilities shall be installed underground.

AT ENDANCE RECOL

Applicant: NOAC

Time: 2:00 P.M.

Docket #

Date: February 18, 1976

Request; COZ, A to S-UD

NAME ADDRESS Inc. Gadon Little NO AA - WAVE PROPAGATION LABORATORY -COMMERCE LABORATORIES Bouider, Colonado M. Robert Seragin. NCAR - FOF Bouldle Colorado. RUBERT. T. FROST WAVE PROPAGATION COMMERCE LABORATORIES Boulder, Ochorado. Docket No. 78-5

Docket No. 78-5

National Oceanic
and Atmospheric
Administration and
National Center for
Atmospheric Research
Environmental Research
Environmental Research
Environmental Research
Laboratories
Soulider, Colorado 80302
Date: Fox 18. 1976
Time: 2:00 Fx 18. 1976
Request: Change of Zone, A (Agricultural) to 3-UD (Scientific Unit Development) Time: 2:00 P.M.
Request: Change of Zone, A (Agricultural) to S-UD (Scientific Unit Development)

Commencing at the Southwest corner of Section 16, Township: I North, Range 86 Most, of the Sixth Principal Meridian: Section 36, Section 16, Township: I North Range 86 Most, of the Sixth Principal Meridian: Section 36, Section 36, Section 46, Se Figures 2:00 P.M.
Figures Change of Zone, A (Agricultural)
Commencing at the Southwest corner of Section 16, Township 1 North. Range 68
West, of the Singh P. Market Change of Section 16, Township 1 North Residence of Section 16, Township 1 North Residence of Section, a distance of 30.00 feet to the Northwest Outside 1 Section 1 COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
WELD COUNTY, COLORADO
SY'S I. LEE SHEHEE, JA,
COUNTY CLERK NO PRECORDER
AND CLERK TO THE BOARD
BY, JEANNE LOU HEIMBUCK, DEPUTY COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
WELD COUNTY, COLORADO.
BY: S. LEE SHEHEE JR.
COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER
AND CLEBK TO THE BOARD
JEANEL LOW HEADINGK, DEPUTY Dated: January 14, 1976 Published January 16, 1976 and February 6, 1976 Published in the Greeley Journal

ed in the Greeley Journal

NOTICE

Pursuant to the zoning laws of the State of Colorado, a public hearing will be held in the Office of the Board of County Commissioners of Weld County, Colorado, 1516 Hospital Road, Greeley, Colorado, at the time specified. All persons in any manner interested in the following proposed Change of Zone are requested to attend and may be heard.

BE IT ALSO KNOWN that the text and maps so certified by the County Planning Commission may be examined in the Office of the Board of County Commissioners, 1516 Hospital Road, Greeley, Colorado.

Docket No. 76-5

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and National Center for Atmospheric Research

Date: February 18, 1976

Environmental Research Laboratories

Boulder, Colorado 80302

Time: 2:00 P.M.

Request: Change of Zone, A (Agricultural) to S-UD (Scientific Unit Development)

Approximately two and one-half miles East of Erie, Colorado.

THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

BY: S. LEE SHEHEE, JR.
COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER
AND CLERK TO THE BOARD

BY: Jeanne Lou Heimbuck, Deputy

Dated: January 14, 1976



Time: 200 P.M.
Reguest: Change of Zone, A (Applicultural)

COUNTY COMMERSIONERS
WELD COUNTY, COLORADO
WELD COUNTY, COLORADO
ONLY CLERK AND RECORDER
AND CLERK TO THE BDARD
JEANNE LOU HEIMBUCK, DEPUTY

Oated: Vanuary 14, 1976 Published January 16, 1976 and February 6, 1976 Published in the Greeley Journal

Affidavit of Publication

STATE OF COLORADO,)
County of Weld,)ss.
Richard L. Tatman
All as the page of the control of th
said County of Weld, being duly sworn, say that I am one of the publishers of
THE GREELEY JOURNAL
that the same is a weekly newspaper of general cir- culation, published in the city of Gredey, in said county and state, that the notice or advertisement, of which the annexed is a true copy, has been pub-
two
lished in said weekly newspaper for was published in the regular and entire issue of every number of said newspaper during the period of time of publication of said notice, and in the newspaper proper and not in a supplement thereof; that the first publication of said notice was contained in the issue of said news-
16th
paper bearing date theday of
January 76; and
the last publication thereof in the issue of said
74.97.5
6th
newspaper bearing date theday of
February 76
February 76; that the said The Greeley Journal has been published continu-
The Greeley Journal has been published continuously and uninterruptedly during the period of at least lifty-two consecutive weeks next prior to the first issue thereof containing said notice or edver-
first issue thereof containing said notice or edver-
tisement above referred to; that said newspape) has been admitted to the United States mails as second-
clace matter under the proficions of the Adt of
March 3, 1879, or any amendment thereof, and that said newspaper is a weekly neyspaper duly dualified for publishing legal notices and advertishinghis with in the meaning of the laws of the Gray of Colored.
for publishing legal notices and advertisements with
for publishing legal notices and adverturing the water in the meaning of the laws of the otto of Colorado.
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I VAIN IXIA IIII
one of the publishers
7 / 4 / - /
Subscribed and sworn to before me this
Subscribed and sworn to before me this
day of Feb. A.D. 1976
day of
My Commission Expires
My commission expires Jgn. 26, 1980
Buth & Kelly
Notary Public.

Court	Filing	Stamp
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Proof of Publication

(General-One Publication)

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STATE OF COLORADO (COUNTY OF BOULDER (SS.

and says:

Donald F Heath , of lawful age, being first duly sworn upon oath deposes

That _he is the <u>business marager</u> of The Boulder Daily Camera and has personal knowledge of all the facts set forth in this affidavit and is a competent person to certify that the facts stated herein are accurate and _he hereby certifies:

- 1. That The Boulder Daily Camera is a public daily newspaper of general circulation as defined by law and is printed and published wholly in the City of Boulder, County of Boulder and State of Colorado.
- 2. That The Boulder Daily Camera has been admitted to the United States mails as second class matter under the provisions of the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879, and amendments thereto.
- 3. That The Boulder Daily Camera is a legal newspaper duly qualified to publish any and all legal notices of advertisement which are required to be published in said City of Boulder and said County of Boulder or both.
- 4. That The Boulder Daily Camera is duly qualified to publish the annexed potice, which is a full, true and correct copy of the original therof, and the same was published in The Boulder Daily Camera on the day of December, 19

Further affiant sayeth not.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

day of December , A. D. 19 75

My commission Espires January 1

Witness my hand and official seal-

Marforce Crawl

Paste Advertisement Here





Publication fee \$_____

Pot 7222 1831

No. 288786

RECEIPT FOR CER SENT TO NOAC STREET AND NO. P.O. BOX 3000 P.O. STATE AND ZIP CODE BOULD TOWAL SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 1. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 2. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 1. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 1. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 1. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 1. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 1. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 1. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 1. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 1. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 1. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 1. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RECEIPT 1. Shows to with the Receipt SERVICES RETURN RE	I. The following service is requested (check one). REKShow to whom and date delivered	2. ARTICLE ADDRESSED. TO: NOAC P.O. BOX 3000 BOULIGE. CO 80303 3. ARTICLE DESCRIPTION: REGISTERED NO. CERTIFIED NO. INSURED NO. 288786	I have received the article described above. SIGNATURE Addressee P-Authorized agent Addressee P-Authorized agent Addressee P-Authorized agent Addressee P-Authorized agent Addressee P-Authorized agent Addressee P-Authorized agent Addressee P-Authorized agent Addressee P-Authorized agent	5. ADDRESS (Complete only if Opportunities) The Complete only if Opportunities only if
SPECIAL DELIVERY (extra fee required)				
PS Form 3800 NO INSURANCE CO Apr. 1971	DISTINUE MAIL	See other side) 1972 () - 480-743		

Copy of Resolution granting COZ W/ Conditions

February 18, 1976

I hereby certify that pursuant to a notice dated January 14, 1976, duly published January 16, 1976 and February 6, 1976, in the <u>Greeley Journal</u>, a public hearing was hald on the request for a Change of Zone, A to S-UD, by National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and National Center for Environmental Research, at the time and place specified in said notice. A motion was made by Commissioner Moser and seconded by Commissioner Carlson to approve said request. Motion carried unanimously.

CHAIRMAN

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

ATTEST: J. Lee Journey

COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER AND CLERK TO THE BOARD

BY: Deputy County Clerk

Tape #76-27

244277

from the Office of THE BOARD OF COUNTY JMMISSIONERS WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

Greeley, Colorado

January 16 , 1976

Publisher:

Please insert the enclosed notice in your issue the week of February 2, 1976 one time only. Regarding payment, complete the enclosed voucher and forward it to us. When returning the voucher, please include an affidavit of publication so we may complete our files.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

BY: S. Lee Shehee, Jr.
County Clerk and Recorder
and Clerk to the Board

By Jeanne Jou Heimbuck

Deputy County Clerk

RECEIPT FOR CERTIFIED MAIL—30¢ (plus postage) Farmer & Miner STREET AND NO. Box 158 P.O., STATE AND ZIP CODE Frederick, CO 80530

OPTIONAL SERVICES FOR ADDITIONAL FEES

RETURN
RECEIPT

1. Shows to whom and date delivered 55¢

With delivery to addressee only 55¢

With delivery to addressee only 55¢

DELIVER TO ADDRESSEE ONLY 50¢

SPECIAL DELIVERY (extro fee required) PS Form Apr. 1971 3800 NO INSURANCE COVERAGE PROVIDED— NOT FOR INTERNATIONAL MAIL See other side) LECEIDL (See other side) 35 Form 3811, Jan. 1975 ≈ GPO : 1972 O - 460-743 REGISTERED NO. Show to whom:

RESTRICTED g JNABLE TO 76-5 CERTIFIED and date delivered NO. delivery o one) 85¢ 35,

NOTICE

JIT 18

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BE IT ALSO KNOWN that the text and maps so certified by the County Planning Commission may be examined in the Office of the Board of County Commissioners, 1516 Hospital Road, Greeley, Colorado.

Docket No. 76-5

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and ' National Center for Atmospheric Research

Date: February 18, 1976

Environmental Research Laboratories Boulder, Colorado 80302

Time: 2:00 P.M.

Request: Change of Zone, A (Agricultural) to S-UD (Scientific Unit Development)

Commencing at the Southwest corner of Section 16, Township 1 North, Range 68 West, of the Sixth Principal Meridian; thence North along the West line of said Section, a distance of 30.00 feet; thence East, parallel to the South line of said Section, a distance of 30.00 feet to the Point of Beginning; thence North, parallel to the West line of said Section, a distance of 5203:18 feet; thence right 89°36'50", and parallel to the North line of the Northwest Quarter of said Section, a distance of 2624.40 feet to a point on the North-South centerline of said Section; thence Left 0°0'13" and parallel to the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section, a distance of 995.14 feet; thence right 90°39'56",. a distance of 629.88 feet; thence left 90°38'01", a distance of 332.87 feet; thence left 89°28'19", a distance of 630.05 feet, to a point 30.00 feet South of the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16; thence right 89°26'24", and parallel to the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 331.71 feet; thence right 90°27'16", a distance of 630.23 feet; thence left 90°25'21", a distance of 332.87 feet; thence left 39°41'00", a distance of 630.41 feet to a point 30.00 feet South of the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16; thence right 89°39'05", and parallel to the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 331.71 feet; thence right 90°14'36", a distance of 1291.17 feet; thence left 90°10'45", a distance of 304.09 feet

C.C. Legal Solvertiseng PO BB Nealth to a point on the East line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16; thence right 90°04'25", and parallel to the East line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 1321.50 feet to a point on the East-West centerline of said Section 16; thence right 0°05'42" and parallel to the East line of the Southeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 2613.12 feet; thence right 90°01'08" and parallel to the South line of the Southeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 2696.26 feet to a point on the North-South centerline of said Section 16; thence right 0°0'06" and parallel to the South line of the Southwest Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 2570.38 feet to the Point of Beginning, containing 610.8994 acres, more or less.

THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

BY: S. LEE SHEHEE, JR.
COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER
AND CLERK TO THE BOARD

BY: Jeanne Lou Heimbuck, Deputy

Dated: January 14, 1976

Published: January 16, 1976 and February 6, 1976 in the Greeley Journal

conduct a study to evaluate the need for and feasibility of accel/decel lanes at the FOF entrance on County Road 8. If accel/decel lanes at the FOF entrance on County Road 8. If such lanes are necessary, NDAA/NCAR shall provide them;
3) that any use of the Scientific - Unit Development other than those permitted in the Development Standards or any addition to the height of the tower (985 feet) not be allowed until the S-UD is sufficiently amended by change of zone procedure to allow such uses and/or additions; and 4) that all requirements of the Dacono Area Fire Protection District be met.

Z-269: NOAA/NCAR Resolution January 8, 1976

DATE: Janu y 8, 1976

TO: The Board of County Commissioners Weld County, Colorado

FROM: Clerk to the Board Office

Commissioners:

If you have no objections, we have tentatively set the following hearing for the 18th of February, 1976, 2:00 P.M.:

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and National Center for Atmospheric Research, Change of Zone

OFFICE OF THE CLERK TO THE BOARD

The above mentioned hearing date and hearing time may be scheduled on the agenda as stated above:

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS WELD COUNTY, COLORADO

Dun K Billian

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BEFORE THE WELD COUNTY, COLORADO PLANNING COMMISSION RESOLUTION OF RECOMMENDATION TO THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

RESOMMER ATTON TO THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
Case No. Z-269 Date 1/8/76 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and Application of National Center for Atmospheric Research
ADDRESS Environmental Research Laboratoria
Moved by C. Carl
Moved by <u>C. Carlson</u> that the following resolution be introduced for passage by the Weld County Planning Commission:
Be it Resolved by the Weld County Planning Commission that the application for rezoning from A (Agricultural District) to S-UD (Scientific UnDts@evict) covering the following described property in Weld County, Colorado, to-wit:
See attached State of Colorado County of Weld Filed with the Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners
JAN € 1976
By
be recommended (favorably) (አለጃአንመጽአቴኔንያ) to the Board of County Commissioners for the following reasons:
The proposal complies with the overall intent of the Comprehensive Plan and does not conflict with the land use policies of the Plan. The applicant has demonstrated that the tower and its support FOF cannot reasonably be located in or adjacent on a existing municipality. That part of Erie Comprehensive Plan area that is contiguous to the proposed Scientific-Unit Development is classified "Open," and the proposed JMOF will conflict with such a land use designation. Conditions: Submitted and governed by the Development be limited to the plans staff and approved by NOAA/NCAR; 2) that the County Engineer
Motion seconded by H. Ashley (continued)
Vote: For Passage H. Ashley Against Passage
J. Graham
J. Ben Nix
Marge Yost
Dean Severin

C. Carlson

The Chairman declared the Resolution passed and ordered that a certified copy be forwarded with the file of this case to the Board of County Commissioners for further proceedings.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

630.23 feet; thance left 90° 25' 21", a distance of 332.87 feet; thence left 89° 41' 00", a distance of 630.41 feet of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 331.71 feet; thence right 90° 27' 16", a distance of the South line of said Section, a distance of 30.00 feet to the Point of Beginning; thence North, parallel to the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16; thence right 89° 26' 24", and parallel to the North line of the Northwest Quarter of said Section, a distance of 2624.40 feet to a point on the North-South centerline Meridian; thence North along the West line of said Section, a distance of 30,00 feet; thence East, parallel to West line of said Section, a distance of 5203,18 feet; thence right 890 36' 50", and parallel to the North line distance of 332.87 feet; thence 12ff 89º 28' 19", a distance of 630.05 feet, to a point 30.00 feet South of the of said Section; thence Left 00 0, 13" and parallel to the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section, Commencing at the Southwest carner of Section 16, Township 1 North, Range 68 West, of the Sixth Principal a distance of 995,14 feet; then**ce** right 90° 39' 56", a distance of 629,88 feet; thence left 90° 38' 01",a right 90° 01' 08" and parallel to the South line of the Southeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of parallel to the South line of the Southwest Quarter of Said Section 16, a distance of 2570.38 feet to the parallel to the East line of the Southeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 2613.12 feet; thence to a point 30.00 feet South of the North line of the Northeast Quarter of Said Section 16; thence right 890 391 05", and parallel to the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 331.71 feet; thence right 90° 14' 36", a distance of 1291.17 feet; thence left 90° 10' 45", a distance 2696, 26 feet to a point on the North-South centerline of said Section 16, thence right 00 0' 06" and 90° 04' 25", and parallel to the East line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 1321,50 feet to a point on the East-West centerline of said Section 16; thence right 0° 05' 42" and of 304.09 feet to a point on the East line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16; thence right Point of Beginning, containing 610,8994 acres, more or less.

CERTIFICATION OF COPY

I, Janna	MOTTOW , Recording Secretary of Weld County Planning
Commission, do	hereby certify that the above and foregoing Resolution is a true
copy of Resolut	tion of Planning Commission of Weld County, Colorado, adopted or
January 6, 1	976 , and recorded in Book No. Y , Page No. , of the
proceedings of	said Planning Commission.
	Dated this 8th day of January , 19 76.
	Carre Marca
4	Recording Secretary, Weld County Planning Commission

STAFF COMMENTS

Z-269

While the Comprehensive Plan does not address itself directly to governmental research facilities such as the proposed Joint Meteorological Observing Facility (JMOF) of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA, U.S. Department of Commerce) and the National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR, a private, non-profit corporation funded primarily by the National Science Foundation), some of the policies concerning industrial development are applicable.

"Zoning for industrial use in areas outside the areas covered by the comprehensive plans of the existing municipalities shall be encouraged only for low employee concentration, agriculturally related industries or other industries that can show they cannot reasonably be accommodated within the areas covered by the municipalities' comprehensive plans."

The NOAA/NCAR JMOF is not within a comprehensive plan area of an existing municipality. However, several of the agencies' site selection criteria and aspects of the proposal preclude a location within or adjacent to an existing municipality. For example, site selection criteria included that the site be large to buffer the 985 foot tower from surrounding land uses and vice-versa, that the site be relatively flat so that the surface beneath the tower be uniform topographically, that the site be a sufficient distance from the Front Range so that the atmospheric effects of a location on the lee side of a major mountain chain be minimized yet be located so as not to interfere with any public airports and so as to be within reasonable travel time from Boulder and the NOAA facilities there, and that the site be preferably non-irrigated land so that irrigated cropland not be taken out of production. Because the above criteria established the desirability of a site in the Erie area, undermining and subsidence hazard became additional considerations. Those aspects of the proposed JMOF that are not conducive to a location in or near a municipality are as follows:

- The data collection to be done on site requires a large ground surface clear of structures and significant topographic features; and additionally, the height of the tower requires a buffer area for safety purposes.
- The occasional aircraft flyby's associated with the JMOF can not be conducted in an urban or congested area.

The 30 to 40 persons scheduled to occupy the NCAR Field Observing Facility (FOF) are a significant number for a single building, but represent a low employee concentration when the entire 611 acres of the JMOF is taken into

consideration. NOAA/NCAR have stated that the FOF is primarily a tower-dependent lab and office complex to house data monitoring and processing equipment and to supply the JMOF researchers with on-site, support lab facilities. The JMOF has been conceived and is designed to combine the instrument for data collection and the reference for calibration (i.e., the tower) with the necessary on-site, support services related to the experiments to be conducted and to the new remote sensing equipment to be developed.

The second policy in the Comprehensive Plan regarding industrial development states that "highly productive, irrigated, agricultural lands shall not normally be rezoned for industrial use." NOAA/NCAR have, in effect, used the above policy as one of several site selection criteria. The proposed 611 acre site is presently used for dryland cultivation and pasture. Only a small area will be taken out of cultivation to establish the open area under the tower when compared with the total acreage.

The Comprehensive Plan states that the County's water resource shall be managed so that "in all land use decisions, the broad effect of transfers of water usage which may result from the proposals at hand shall be taken into account." The NOAA/NCAR proposal involves only minimal use of water resources in that domestic water is needed for the FOF and will be supplied by a tap from the Left Hand Water Supply Company.

Environmental impacts of the proposed JMOF have been detailed by NOAA/NCAR. As regards air space, a "Determination of No Hazard to Air Navigation" has been issued by the Federal Aviation Administration. The F.A.A. requires continuously operating strobe lights at three levels on the tower. Such strobe systems are designed to maximize warning to aircraft while minimizing the visual impact on the ground. The tower and FOF are proposed at locations that have been deemed free from undermining and subsidence hazard (see Amuedo and Ivey Study, 12-8-75, and the letter from Colorado Geologic Survey, 12-26-75). However, the majority of remaining acreage is undermined and the proposed land uses of the Scientific-Unit Development are compatible with such a geologic constraint and, in fact, will keep such undermined areas open and clear of structures or other intensive uses. The proposed use should constitute no deterioration of water or air quality; domestic water will be supplied by a tap from the Left Hand Water Supply Company and the sewage disposal system shall meet all requirements of the Weld County Environmental Health Services.

The Weld County Planning Commission staff has paid particular attention to the letter received on December 26, 1975, from the Boulder County Planning Department. The first concern of the Boulder County Planning Commission has been answered by the F. A. A.'s "Determination of No Hazard to Air Navigation." The second concern regarding a "potential visual problem" has been addressed by the proposed lighting system which is designed to minimize visual impacts on the ground. The third concern has been answered by Elmer Reynolds, the Weld County Communication Director. The tower will not interfere with any existing regional or local communication facilities and could, in fact, potentially become a part of such facilities.

The Planning Commission staff wishes to pose a question to the applicant at this point. Concerning the "Rationale for the JMOF" from C. Gordon Little and R. T. Frost, Wave Propagation Laboratory, to John W. Connally, NOAA Headquarters, dated September 22, 1975, the staff requests clarification of the second reason cited for a 500 meter tower in light of the fact that the requested zone change provides for only a 300 meter tower. Note that one concern of staff is the inability of the proposed site and tower location to accommodate a 500 meter tower failure.

The Weld County Planning Commission staff recommends approval because the proposal complies with the overall intent of the Comprehensive Plan and does not conflict with the land use policies of the Plan. The applicant has demonstrated that the tower and its support FOF cannot reasonably be located in or adjacent to an existing municipality. That part of the Erie Comprehensive Plan area that is contiguous to the proposed Scientific—Unit Development is classified "Open," and the proposed JMOF will not conflict with such a land use designation.

Conditions:

- That the Scientific-Unit Development be limited to the plans submitted and governed by the Development Standards proposed by staff and approved by NOAA/NCAR.
- That the County Engineer conduct a study to evaluate the need for and feasibility of accel/decel lanes at the FOF entrance on County Road
 If such lanes are necessary, NOAA/NCAR shall provide them.
- 3. That any use of the Scientific-Unit Development other than those permitted in the Development Standards or any addition to the height of the tower (985 feet) not be allowed until the S-UD is sufficiently amended by change of zone procedure to allow such uses and/or additions.

ZONING APPLICATION

Weld County Planning Department	Services Building, Greeley, Colo.
FOR PLANNING DEPARTMENT USE ONLY:	CASE NIMBER: 2 2 (- 9
SEC: TWP RANGE:	PC HEARING DATE:
T:S:S:S:S:	1/4:KEY:
SUB:BLK:	LOT: KEY:
Date: Date	
TO BE COMPLETED BY APPLICANT IN ACCORDANCE type only, except for necessary signatures.	WITH PROCEDURAL GUIDE REQUIREMENTS: Print or
I (we), the undersigned, hereby request a h Commission concerning proposed rezoning of	the following described unincorporated area rt A 2 i of P. U. D. Plan for complete legal ed as all of Section 16 TIN R66W excluding
	1 L
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	1.000
	In:
(If additional space is required, attach	
STREET LOCATION. Access to site planned \(\frac{1}{2} \) mi PRESENT ZONE Agriculture PROPOSED PURPOSE: Atmospheric Science Research and T IS THIS AREA PLATTED: YES () NO (x). IF PI IS THIS AREA TO BE PLATTED: YES () NO (x). YES () NO ().	Echnology development
FEE CHNERS OF AREA PROPOSED FOR REZONING:	in the second of
NAME: State of Colorado-State Land Board Al	DRESS:11644 Grant, Denver 20233 TEL: 452-7255 DRESS:1845 Sherman St. Denver 5020 TEL: 452-3451 DDRESS: TEL:
I hereby depose and state under the penalti and/or plans submitted with or contained wi the best of my knowledge.	es of perjury that all statements, proposals thin this application are true and correct to
COURTY OF WELD) STATE OF COLORADO)	Robert J Frest
	Signature: Owner or Authorized Agent
Subscribed and sworm to before me this	$\frac{2^{-124}}{2^{-124}}$ day of $\frac{1}{2^{-124}}$ day of $\frac{1}{2^{-124}}$ day of $\frac{1}{2^{-124}}$ day of $\frac{1}{2^{-124}}$
SEAL	NOTARY PUBLIC
SEAL My commission expires:	TOTALL TODALL
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APPLICANT: NOAA / NCA - REQUEST: A	to i UD
	DATE INITIALS SPENT
APPLICATION RECEIVED	10/2/15 a /m 11/2
FILING FEE	
RECORDING FEE (. chech	
APPLICATION REVIEWED 3. Plat revis.	13/2 axm 21/2
APPLICATION INCOMPLETE/COMPLETE 1. Decis study	12/17 (ifill like in
P. C. HEARING DATE 1-6-76 is construct precs	12/2 64111
APPLICANT NOTIFIED various phone calls	
REFERRALS LISTED	12-2 6211 11/2
SENT TO EXECUTIVE SECRETARY	12-4 TEH
FILE ASSEMBLED/REFERRALS MAILED WWW 13/11	12-4 Smypr 1/2
PUBLICATION NOTICES	12/15 Jm 1/2
SENT TO DRAFTING DEPARTMENT SIGN FOR P.C. MEETING PREPARED	12-16 6211
SURROUNDING PROPERTY OWNERS	12-22 MB 12-hr
AIRPHOTO/VICINITY MAP	12-23 CAC 2 hr
SENT TO COUNTY ATTORNEY	12-24 B21x 1/4
APPROVAL OF COUNTY ATTORNEY	10/27 -
PUBLICATION BY: 12-29-75	1930 1/2-
SIGN POSTED BY: 12 -2-1-75 Posted:	12/23 Km 3/4
SURROUNDING PROPERTY OWNERS NOTIFIED BY: 12-29-75 FIELD CHECK AND REPORT	12-26 CEC 1/2
	1/2 1/2/
REFERRALS: COMPLETE/INCOMPLETE	act in the
PRELIMINARY STAFF COMMENTS	1/2 1/3 1/2
STAFF CONFERENCE	1000
STAFF COMMENTS	
P.C. HEARING ACTION:	1/2
P.C. RESOLUTION	1/2
CASE SENT TO CLERK TO BOARD	14 092 12
SIGN POSTED	11-6 11
C.C. HEARING ACTION	
C.C. RESOLUTION RECEIVED	
HISTORY CARD COMPLETE	
C.C. RESOLUTION SENT TO DRAFTING	
DRAFTED ON MYLAR	
DOCUMENT SENT TO ICLERK & RECORDER	
₽.C. MINUTES	
CASE/FILE COMPLETE	

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

630.23 feet; thunce left 90° 25' 21", a distance of 332.87 feet; thence left 89° 41' 00", a distance of 630.41 feet North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16; thence right 89° 26' 24", and parallel to the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 331,71 feet; thence right 90° 27' 16", a distance of the South line of said Section, a distance of 30.00 feet to the Point of Beginning; thence Nortin, parallel to the of the Northwest Quarter of said Section, a distance of 2624.40 feet to a point on the North-South centerline Meridian; thence North along the West line of said Section, a distance of 30.00 feet; thence East, parallel to West line of said Section, a distance of 5203,18 feet; thence right 890 36' 50", and parallel to the North line distance of 332.87 feet; thence left 89º 28' 19", a distance of 630.05 feet, to a point 30.00 feet South of the of said Section; thence Left 00 0' 13" and parallel to the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section, Commencing at the Southwest carner of Section 16, Township 1 North, Fange 68 West, of the Sixth Principal a distance of 995.14 feet; thence right 900 39' 56", a distance of 629.88 feet; thence left 900 38' 01",a right 90° 01' 08" and parallel to the South line of the Southeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of parallel to the South line of the Southwest Quarter of Said Section 16, a distance of 2570,38 feet to the to a point 30.00 feet South of the North line of the Northeast Quarter of Said Section 16; thence right parallel to the East line of the Southeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 2613.12 feet; thence 890 391 05", and parallel to the North line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 331.71 feet; thence right 90° 14' 36", a distance of 1291.17 feet; thence left 90°.10' 45", a distance 2696.26 feet to a point on the North-South cenerline of said Section 16; thence right 0º 0' 06" and 90° 04' 25", and parallel to the East line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16, a distance of 1321,50 feet to a point on the East-West centerline of said Section 16; thence right 0° 05' 42" and of 504.09 feet to a point on the East line of the Northeast Quarter of said Section 16; thence right Point of Beginning, containing 610,8994 acres, more or less.

CERTIFICATE OF SURVEY

certify that a survey was made, of the tracts of land hereon shown and that this plat is a true representation l, Clifford R. Pallesen, a Registered Engineer and land Surveyor in the State of Colorado do hereby of said survey.

Denver, CO. 80500 opint op A 41+8 Erie Road % Chicago ISSS W. 84 .W

CO. Erie, 'swppy O,

Union Pacific Land Resource Corp. c/o Upland Industries Corp. Suite 1620 Prudential Plaza 1050 17th Street Denver, Colorado 30202 Attn: E.E. Dodrill

Helene Reynolds, etal. Box 675 Longmont, Colorado 80501

Daniel R. Horst % Yeager Realty, Inc. 3200 W. 72nd Avenue Westminister, CO 80030

Patricia S. Ackard % Ackard Land Company 729 E. 17th Avenue Denver, Colorado 80203

Pearl Kirby 2926 15th Street Boulder, Colorado 80303

Farmers Res. & Irrigation Co. Rt. 1 Erie, Colorado 80516

Earl Armeson Rt. 1 Erie, Colorado 80516

Public Service of Colorado?

Erie Road Joint Venure % Chicago Title Feducad 1225 W. 34th Avenue Denver, Colorado 80200

Roy Carlson 11176 Pearl Street Denver, Colorado 80233

Stephen Hamilton, Jr. Rt. 1 Erie, Colorado 80516

Donald McGee 2091 Co. Rd. 10 Erie, Colorado 80516 John Stan Rt. 1, Box 180A Erie, Colorado 80516

Leo Torrez Rd. 10, Rt. 1 Erie, Colorado 80516

Richard Seith Rt. 1, Box 179 Erie, Colorado 80516

Fred Webb Rt. 1, Box 178A Erie, Colorado 80516

Carl Neuber Rt. 1, Box 178 Erie, Colorado 80516

Mallace Carter 1196 S. Quebec Way Denver, Colorado 80231

Dennis R. Murphy Rt. 1, Box 176 Eire, Colorado 80516

Greenacres Camp for Girls & Boys, Inc. 3154 Columbine Street Denver, CO 80202

Edward Penmeyer Rt. 1, Box 48 Ft. Lupton, CO 80621

Dottie Redington 2205 Dartmouth Avenue Boulder, CO 80303

Rupert Padilla 2007 E. 15th Pl. Denver, CO 80233

Donald Shultz Nelward 995 S. Eaton Lakewood, Colorado 87215

Ralph Hall 98 No. Turner #15 Fairbanks, Alaska 99701 Mailing List Continued

Duane Eikenberg Rt. 1. Erie, Colorado 80516

> Wayne Flagerstone Rt. 1, Box 177 Erie, Colorado 80516

> Dennis Knox Rt. 1, Box 1824 Erie, Colorado 80516

> Robert D. Adams Rt. 1 Erie, Colorado 80516

> Llovd Johnson 3893 Co. Rd. #7 Erie, Colorado 80516

> Marylyn Healer % Richard Miller Rt. l Erie, Colorado 30516

Lewis Healer % Russell Godwin Rt. 1 Erie, Colorado 80516



M.¿MORANDUN

Date October 1, 1976 Glenn Billings, Chairman Board of County Commissioners From R. Russell Anson, Assistant County Attorney

Subject: Requirement of Building Permits and Fees on a Federal Agency.

As I understand your question, it is, "Can the Weld County Building Department require an agency of the Federal Government to obtain a building permit and pay the required fees?"

There is no definitive law on this specific question. I have been unable to find any specific statute to cover the matter, and the case law is scant.

DISCUSSION: The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration has taken the position that a building permit and fee cannot be required of a Federal Governmental Agency. In a recent telephone conversation. I had with N. W. Stiewig of that office, I was informed by Mr. Stiewig that he had been advised pursuant to an opinion by the Comptroller General, that an agency of the Federal Government is not liable for the payment of a building permit fee. I asked Mr. Stiewig for a copy of that opinion, and I received a copy a few days later. The two separate opinions involved were dated 1947 and 1950. Nearly all the cases cited in that opinion were dated in the early 1940's. Several of the cases in volved the Federal Lanham Act for Emergency Construction of Public Housing, and the Act expressly provided, "That where land is acquired under the Act by contract or other. wise, no regard is to be had for any Federal, State or Municipal law, ordinance, rule or regulation. """

In attempting to find some case law specifically covering

the point of issuance of building permits, I was unable to find anything substantial either for or against the requirement that a Federal agency obtain a building permit and pay

There are two cases, however, that I was able to find that seemed very relevant. The first case, Public Housing Administration v. Bristol Township, 146 Fed. Sup. 859 (E.D. PA. 1956) involved the reconditioning of a Federal Housing project erected under the Lanham Act in October of 1940. The Public Housing Administration contracted with a local electrical contractor to provide electrical work on the project. The electrical contractor failed to secure any building permits prior to doing electrical work under the contract. The building officer of Bristol Township issued Glenn Billings October 1, 1976 Page 2

a stop work order to the contractor. The Public Housing Administration brought this action to seek to enjoin Bristol Township from enforcing the stop work order. The Federal District Court denied the injunction stating:

The United States Supreme Court has consistently held that Congress, in enacting legislation within its constitutional authority, will not be deemed to have intended to invalidate state or local rules for protection of the public safety unless its purpose to do so is clearly stated.

Another case, DeKalb County, Georgia v. Henry C. Beck Co., 382 Fed. 2d 92 (5th Circuit 1967) involved an action by a Georgia County against a contractor engaged in construction of a governmental hospital for a building permit fee. In the lower court, the contractor made a motion for summary judgment. The motion was granted, but no reasons for the granting of the motion were given. The Court of Appeals indicated that summary judgments should not have been granted and reversed and remanded the case to the lower court to receive additional facts. The Court of Appeals stated that there was not sufficient information made available to the court in order to balance the interest and policies of the Federal Government with those of the local government. Also no information was presented in regard to Federal policy as to building standards, nor any information is to what, if anything, the court has done in the case except try to collect money for the treasury.

in the case except try to collect money for the treasury.

In summary, there does not seem to be any definitive law on the exact point as to whether or not a local governmental body can require a Federal agency to pay a building permit fee.

Since there is no specific law on this point; the presumption could be made that a building permit and fee is required. If the Federal agency refuses to pay the fee, and construction is begun on the project, a stop order could be given to the contractor and the contractor could be required to pay the fee. Section 30(a) of the Building Code states:

No person, firm or corporation shall erect, construct. ... without first obtaining a separate building permit for each such building or structure from the Building Official

It appears that this section could require either the owner or lessee of the property or the contractor to obtain the permit.

Glenn Billings Cottober 1, 1976 Page 3

R. Russell Anson, Assistant County Attorney

APPROVED:

County Attorney

RRA:cc cc: J. E. Jarvis



DF TRANSPORTATION

-RAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION Rocky Mountain Region Air Traffic Division Park Hill Station, P. O. Box 7213 Denver, Colorado 80207

IN REPLY REFER TO AERCHAUTICAL STUDY NO. 75-RM-128-OE

DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION

SPONSOR	Natio 325 B	U. S. Department of Commerce National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration 325 Broadway		PLACE NAME Erie, Colorado	
	Boulder, CO 80302	40 ⁰ 02 15411	105°00'12"		
-		DESCRIPTION	HEIGHT (N FEET)	
	NSTRUCTION PROPOSED	Guyed Meteorological Tower	985	6165.	

An aeronautical study of the proposed construction described above has been completed under the provisions of Part 77 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. Based on the study it is found that the construction would have no substantial adverse effect on the safe and efficient utilization of the navigable airspace by aircraft or on the operation of air navigation facilities. Therefore, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, it is hereby determined that the construction would not be a hazard to air navigation for the safe and of the saf

gation provided the following conditions are met:
Conditions: 1. The structure is obstruction lighted day and night with high intensity white obstruction lights in accordance with FAA Obstruction Marking and Lighting Advisory Circular 70/7460-1D, Chapter 6.

Supplemental notice of construction is required any time the project is abandoned (use the enclosed FAA form), or

- X) At least 48 hours before the start of construction (use the enclosed FAA form).
- X) Within five days after the construction reaches its greatest height (use the enclosed FAA form).

 Not required.

This determination expires on July 7, 1977 unless:

- (a) extended, revised or terminated by the issuing office;(b) the construction is subject to the licensing authority of the Federal Communications Commission and an application for a construction permit is made to the FCC on or before the above expiration date. In such case the determination expires on the date prescribed by the FCC for completion of construction, or on the date the FCC denies the application.

This determination is subject to review if an interested party files a petition on or before December 28, 1975. In the event a petition for review is filed, it should be submitted in triplicate to the Chief, Airspace Obstruction and Airports Branch, AT-240, Federal Aviation Administration, Washington, D.C. 20590, and contain a full statement of the basis upon which it is

This determination becomes final on January 7, 1976 unless a petition for review is timely filed, in which case the determination will not become final pending disposition of the petition. Interested parties will be notified of the grant of

An account of the study findings, aeronautical objections, if any, registered with the FAA during the study, and the basis for the FAA's decision in this matter will be found on the following page(s).

If the structure is subject to the licensing authority of the FCC, a copy of this determination will be sent to that Agency.

SIGNED L. R. ROBISON		
L. R. RCBISON	THILE Chief, Air Traffic Division	_
Aurora, Colorado	November 28, 1975	

FAA Form 7460-9 (4-71)

GPO 910-226

Gostin LAR

On June 20, 1975, the FAA circularized a Public Notice soliciting written comments in regard to the effect of a proposed 985' AGL/6165' AMSL tower, to be located near Erie, Colorado, on the safe and efficient use of airspace by aircraft.

In response thereto, objections were received from the Aircraft Owners and Pilots Association (AOPA) and the Jefferson County Colorado Airport Manager. Basically, the AOPA and the airport manager contended that the proposed structure would have an adverse effect on visual flight rule operations and pose a hazard for air navigation.

The aeronautical study disclosed, as proposed, the meterological tower would exceed the obstruction standards of the Federal Aviation Regulations Part 77, as follows:

Section 77.23(a)(1) by 485 feet, that height above 500 feet above ground level. (AGL)

Section 77.23(a)(3) in that it would raise the minimum radar vectoring altitude (MVA) from 6700 feet to 7200 feet mean sea level (MSL) within a three nautical mile radius of the proposed structure.

The study also disclosed:

1. That raising the minimum radar vectoring altitude from 6,700 feet to 7,200 feet (MSL) within a three nautical mile radius of the proposed structure would have no substantial adverse effect on instrument flight rule (IFR) operations at the Stapleton International or Jefferson County airports. Aircraft are normally vectored no lower than 7,000 feet MSL in the vicinity of the proposed site. Therefore, a change in the minimum radar vectoring altitude within a three nautical mile radius of the structure can be accomplished without having a substantial adverse effect on IFR aeronautical operations.

The proposed 985' AGL/6165' AMSL meterological tower would not require an increase in any other instrument minimum flight altitude, minimum obstacle clearance altitude, altitudes associated with over-lying Federal airways or change any instrument approach procedures at Stapleton International or Jefferson County Airports.

 The proposed structure would be located approximately 1-1/2 statute miles west of Interstate 25 and would penetrate airspace occasionally used by pilots conducting VFR flight beneath low ceiling conditions using Interstate 25 as a visual navigational reference between Denver, Colorado and Cheyenne, Wyoming.

The installation of high intensity white obstruction lights on the proposed structure would assure its conspicuity, thus enabling pilots to observe and avoid the structure.

Based on the foregoing, the FAA has concluded that existing procedures can be modified to accommodate a 985' AGL/6165' AMSL structure with no substantial adverse effect on the safe and efficient use of airspace.





*FARTMENT OF TRA- SPORTATION ERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

AERONAUTICAL STUDY NO. 75-RM-128-OE

AERONAUTICAL STUDY OF PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OR ALTERATION

SPONSOR	US Department of Commerce National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration 325 Broadway Boulder, Colorado 80302	CONSTRUC PLACE NAME . Erie, C LATITUDE 40°02'54"	LONGITUDE 105°00'12"
CONSTRUCT PROPOSE		ABOVE GABUND	A50VE MSL 6165'

A notice has been filed with the Federal Aviation Administration that the above described structure is proposed for construction. As proposed the structure would exceed the standards of Subpart C of Part 77 of the Federal Aviation Regulations and would be identified as an obstruction to air navigation. Accordingly, the FAA is conducting an aeronautical study of the proposal to determine its effect upon the safe and efficient use of the navigable airspace by aircraft and on the operation of air navigation facilities.

In the study, consideration will be given to all facts relevant to the effect of the proposal on existing and planned airspace use; air navigation facilities; airports; aircrast operations, procedures and minimum flight altitudes; and the air traffic control system. However, only those plans on file with the FAA, on the date the notice concerning the above described proposed construction was received, will be considered.

Interested persons are invited to participate in the aeronautical study by submitting comments to the FAA office issuing this notice. To be eligible for consideration, comments must be relevant to the effect the proposed construction would have on aviation, provide sufficient detail to permit a clear understanding, and be received on or before July 18, 1975. Please refer to the aeronautical study number printed in the upper right hand corner of this notice.

This notice may be reproduced and recirculated by any interested person.

The proposed structure would exceed the obstruction standards of Part 77 of the Federal Aviation Regulations as follows:

1. Section 77.23(a)(1) by 485 feet.

(cont'd on page 2)

TITLE Chief, Operations, Procedures & Airspace Br

ISSUED IN Aurora, Colorado

June 20, 1975

FAA Form 7460-8 (4-71)

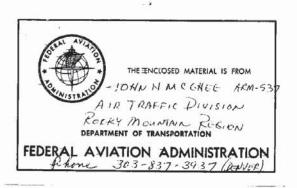
AIRPORT MANAGERS - PLEASE POST

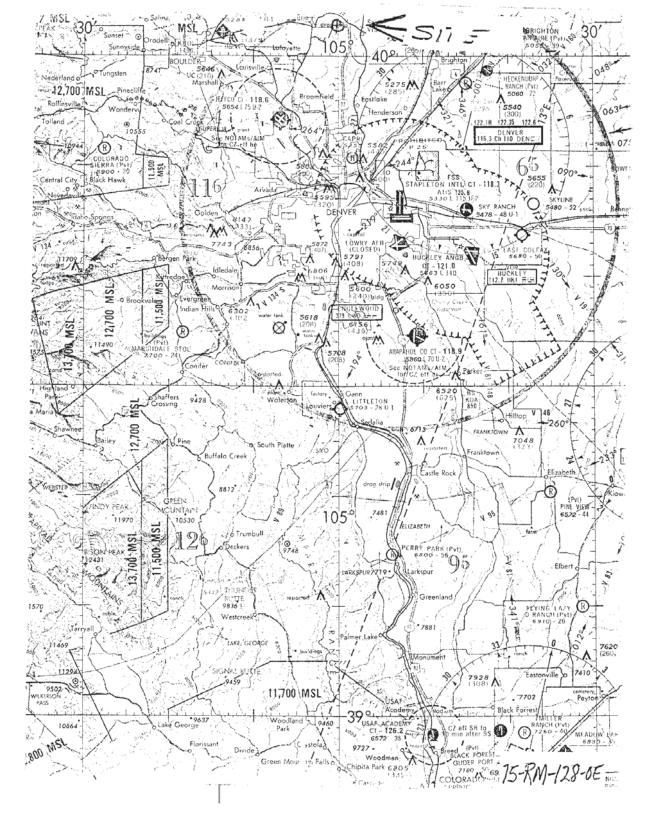
FAA AC 72-7130

The study also disclosed that the proposed tower would not require an increase in any established minimum instrument flight altitude or minimum instrument obstacle clearance altitude. (Please see enclosed map). The sponsor has advised they plan to install High Intensity White Obstruction lights on the tower to preclude marking the structure with orange and white paint.

Enclosure Map

FAA Form 1360-16 (3-68)





PRESENTATION BY C. G. LITTLE TO WELD COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION

TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1976

I AM HAPPY TO HAVE THIS OPPORTUNITY OF SPEAKING IN SUPPORT OF OUR REQUEST FOR THE REZONING OF APPROXIMATELY 611 ACRES OF LAND, LOCATED SOME 2 MILES EAST OF ERIE, FROM AGRICULTURE TO SCIENTIFIC PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT.

IN MY BRIEF PRESENTATION THIS AFTERNOON I WANT TO COVER SIX TOPICS. I WILL

- 1. INDICATE WHO THE APPLICANT AGENCIES ARE,
- INDICATE WHY WE SELECTED THIS PARTICULAR SITE IN WELD COUNTY,
- 3. IDENTIFY THE NATURE OF THE FACILITIES AND USES WE PROPOSE FOR THE SITE.
- 4. INDICATE THE CONTACTS WE HAVE MADE WITH LOCAL INDIVIDUALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND AUTHORITIES TO CONFIRM THAT WE WILL BE CREATING MINIMUM ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE NEIGHBORHOOD,
- 5. IDENTIFY THE PROS AND CONS OF THIS PROPOSAL,
 ESPECIALLY FROM THE POINT OF VIEW OF LOCAL
 INHABITANTS, AND WELD COUNTY,
- 6. REQUEST YOUR APPROVAL AND SUPPORT FOR THE PROPOSED REZONING.

FIRST OF ALL, TWO APPLICANTS JOIN IN THIS REQUEST:
THE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION,

(NOAA) OF THE U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, AND THE NATIONAL

CENTER FOR ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH (NCAR). NOAA IS THE CIVILIAN

AGENCY OF THE U. S. GOVERNMENT CONCERNED WITH THE ATMOSPHERE

AND THE OCEANS; AS SUCH IT INCLUDES THE NATIONAL WEATHER

SERVICE, WHICH PROVIDES OUR DAILY WEATHER FORECASTS. NOAA

HAS PLACED ITS RESEARCH ARM, THE ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH

LABORATORIES, IN BOULDER; I HEAD ONE OF THE FOUR ERL ATMO
SPHERIC RESEARCH LABORATORIES LOCATED THERE.

NCAR IS THE NATIONAL FOCAL POINT FOR ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH IN THE UNIVERSITIES OF THE COUNTRY. IT IS A RESEARCH CENTER, FUNDED BY THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION ON FUNDS PROVIDED BY THE U. S. CONGRESS, AND IS OPERATED BY THE NCAR STAFF ON BEHALF OF SOME 45 UNIVERSITIES ACROSS THE COUNTRY.

THUS WE SEE THAT THIS AREA OF COLORADO PROVIDES THE HEADQUARTERS FOR MOST OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT'S RESEARCH ON THE ATMOSPHERE, AND ALSO SERVES AS FOCAL POINT FOR MUCH OF THE UNIVERSITY RESEARCH ON THE ATMOSPHERE.

AS SUCH, WE, AS COLORADOANS, SHOULD FEEL PROUD OF THE DOMINANT ROLE NORTHEASTERN COLORADO PLAYS IN ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH ACROSS THE COUNTRY. THERE IS NO EQUIVALENT CONCENTRATION OF ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH ANYWHERE ELSE IN THE U.S., OR EVEN IN THE WORLD.

WHY DID WE SELECT THIS SITE IN WELD COUNTY?

THE CRITICAL PROBLEM IN BOTH ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH, AND IN ATMOSPHERIC SERVICES, IS HOW TO OBTAIN THE RIGHT SET OF ATMOSPHERIC OBSERVATIONS. THE RESEARCH WE PERFORM, THE FORECASTS WE MAKE, CAN ONLY BE AS GOOD AS THE OBSERVATIONS ON WHICH THEY ARE BASED. WITH THE RIGHT SET OF OBSERVATIONS, RESEARCH CAN MAKE RAPID PROGRESS, AND FORECASTS CAN BE ACCURATE AND TIMELY. WITHOUT THE RIGHT DATA SET, OUR RESEARCH IS HAMSTRUNG, AND OUR SERVICES INADEQUATE.

THEREFORE, FOR SEVERAL YEARS, NOAA AND NCAR HAVE DEVOTED CONSIDERABLE EFFORTS TO DEVELOPING NEW AND MUCH MORE EFFICIENT METHODS OF OBSERVING THE ATMOSPHERE. TYPICALLY, THESE METHODS INVOLVE THE USE OF RADIO, OPTICAL OR ACOUSTIC WAVES TO MEASURE THE ATMOSPHERE AT A DISTANCE -- THE SO-CALLED REMOTE SENSING METHODS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE THIS NEW ULTRA SENSITIVE RADAR (FIGURE 1) WHICH CAN MEASURE THE WIND SPEED USING ECHOES FROM CLEAR AIR, OR THIS (FIGURE 2) OPTICAL RADAR WHICH CAN MEASURE THE PARAMETERS OF CLOUDS, OR THIS ACOUSTIC ECHOSOUNDING SYSTEM, (FIGURE 3) WHICH IS BEING DEVELOPED TO MEASURE WIND SHEAR AT AIRPORTS, SUCH AS THAT WHICH CAUSED THE CONTINENTAL AIRLINE CRASH IN DENVER A FEW MONTHS AGO, OR THE EVEN MORE DISASTROUS EASTERN AIRLINES CRASH AT KENNEDY AIRPORT IN NEW YORK IN WHICH 114 PERSONS WERE KILLED.

RECENTLY, WE IN NOAA AND NCAR HAVE COME TO THE REALIZATION

THAT THIS INSTRUMENTATION DEVELOPMENT WORK CAN BE DONE MUCH

MORE EFFICIENTLY, ECONOMICALLY AND RAPIDLY IF WE JOIN OUR

RESOURCES TOGETHER AND CREATE THE PROPOSED NEW JOINT METEOROLOGICAL

OBSERVING FACILITY NEAR ERIE.

THIS JOINTLY CREATED AND OPERATED FACILITY WILL BE USED PRIMARILY FOR THE TESTING, EVALUATION, CALIBRATION AND DEMONSTRATION OF THE NEW MEASUREMENT SYSTEMS BEING BUILT BY NOAA AND NCAR. SECONDLY, IT WILL BE USED AS A UNIQUELY INSTRUMENTED CUBIC KILOMETER OF THE ATMOSPHERE FOR THE CONDUCT OF NEW RESEARCH STUDIES OF ATMOSPHERIC PROCESSES SUCH AS CONVECTION, CLOUD FORMATION, PRECIPITATION, EVAPORATION, THE CREATION AND DISSIPATION OF TURBULENCE AND LOW LEVEL WIND SHEAR, THE TRANSPORT AND DIFFUSION OF POLLUTANTS, ETC.

THE CRITERIA USED IN IDENTIFYING THIS PARTICULAR SITE ARE, OF COURSE, MANY. THE MAIN ONES WERE:

- A. ACCESSIBILITY OF THE SITE, ON A DAILY BASIS, TO THE MAIN ERL AND NCAR BUILDINGS.
- B. APPROXIMATELY ONE SQUARE MILE OF RELATIVELY FLAT,

 UNDEVELOPED LAND, AVAILABLE FOR LEASE OR PURCHASE,

 SUFFICIENTLY REMOTE FROM AIRPORTS THAT A 300 M

 (EVENTUALLY PERHAPS A 500 M) HIGH METEOROLOGICAL

 TOWER ESSENTIAL TO THE FACILITY COULD BE ERECTED

 THERE.

- C. AREA SHOULD BE SUFFICIENTLY REMOTE FROM THE MOUNTAINS

 TO REDUCE CHINOOK WIND EFFECTS UPON THE INSTRUMENTATION,

 BUT CLOSE ENOUGH TO PERMIT STUDY OF MOUNTAIN LEE WAVE

 EFFECTS.
- D. MINIMUM ADVERSE IMPACT ON OTHER USES OF THE LAND OR AIRSPACE ABOVE IT, E.G., ON AGRICULTURE, MINING, HOUSING DEVELOPMENT, AVIATION, ETC.

WE HAVE SPENT APPROXIMATELY TWO YEARS AND \$100,000 ON THE SEARCH FOR AN OPTIMUM SITE MEETING THESE AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS, AND BELIEVE THAT THE SITE WE HAVE SELECTED DOES, IN FACT, SUCCESSFULLY MEET THESE CRITERIA.

THE NEXT FIGURE (FIGURE 4) SHOWS 15 SITES WHICH WE IDENTIFIED FROM A PRELIMINARY STUDY OF MAPS AND BY FLYING OVER THE TERRAIN. THE THREE SITES EAST OF U.S. 85 WERE RAPIDLY ELIMINATED AS TOO FAR FROM OUR BOULDER HEADQUARTERS, AND ATTENTION WAS FOCUSSED ON THE SITES IN THE GENERAL LINE LAFAYETTE TO FREDERICK.

THE NEXT FIGURE (FIGURE 5) SHOWS THAT THIS AREA OVERLIES
THE BOULDER-WELD COUNTY COAL FIELD -- WHICH MIGHT MEAN MAJOR
PROBLEMS WITH POSSIBLE SUBSIDENCE. CLOSE EXAMINATION OF
MINING MAPS FOR THE PREFERRED AREA EAST OF ERIE SHOWED MUCH
MINING ACTIVITY, WITH A SIGNIFICANT UNMINED STRIP OF LAND,
SOME 1500 TO 2000 FT. WIDE, RUNNING THROUGH IT (FIGURE 6).

CONSULTATION WITH GEOLOGISTS INDICATED THAT THIS WAS A GEOLOGIC FEATURE WHICH MIGHT PERMIT SAFE ERECTION OF THE TOWER. AFTER CAREFUL CONSIDERATION OF ALL ALTERNATIVES, IT WAS DECIDED THAT THIS SITE OFFERED SO MANY POTENTIAL ADVANTAGES THAT WE SHOULD EXPLORE IT FURTHER, AND THIS PAST SUMMER TEST DRILLINGS TO DEPTHS OF AS MUCH AS 358 FT WERE MADE. THESE HAVE CONFIRMED EARLIER PREDICTIONS THAT THE SITE WOULD BE SUITABLE FOR THE TOWER -- AS SHOWN IN FIGURE 7, WHICH SHOWS THE PROPOSED LOCATION OF THE TOWER AND OUTLYING GUY ANCHOR POINTS, AND FIGURE 8, WHICH SHOWS THE UNDERLYING GEOLOGY REVEALED BY OUR TEST BORES.

APPROXIMATELY ONE SQUARE MILE OF LEVEL LAND, LOCATED WITHIN

17 MILES OF THE ERL HQ BUILDING IN BOULDER, AND APPROXIMATELY

12 MILES FROM THE BOULDER, LONGMONT AND JEFFERSON COUNTY AIRPORTS

AND 20 MILES FROM STAPLETON. IN EFFECT, THIS LAND IS A UNIQUE

GEOLOGICAL ISLAND, SURROUNDED BY MANY SQUARE MILES OF COAL

MINES, THAT IS, BY AN AREA WHICH IS UNLIKELY TO UNDERGO RAPID

DEVELOPMENT FOR HOUSING OR INDUSTRY. FIGURE 9 AND FIGURE 10

ARE PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE SITE FROM THE AIR AND THE GROUND,

RESPECTIVELY.

AS I HAVE INDICATED, THE PRIMARY USE OF THE SITE WILL BE
AS A WELL-INSTRUMENTED SITE FOR THE TESTING AND EVALUATION OF
THE NEW REMOTE SENSING INSTRUMENTATION SO IMPORTANT TO THE
FUTURE OF ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH AND SERVICES IN THE U.S. THE

KEY FACILITY AT THE SITE WILL BE THE 300 M (985 FT.) HIGH METEOROLOGICAL TOWER WHICH WILL CARRY INSTRUMENTS AGAINST WHICH WE CAN CHECK THE PERFORMANCE OF OUR REMOTE SENSING SYSTEMS. FIGURES 11 AND 12 ARE PHOTOGRAPHS OF SUCH A TOWER, FROM THE AIR AND FROM THE GROUND.

THE SECOND USE OF THIS UNIQUE FACILITY, AND ITS REMOTE SENSING INSTRUMENTATION, WILL BE AS A UNIQUE SITE FOR STUDIES OF LOWER ATMOSPHERE PROCESSES, INCLUDING EVAPORATION, PRECIPITATION, TURBULENCE, POLLUTION, ETC.

THE THIRD MAIN USE WILL BE AS THE HQ FOR NCAR'S FIELD OBSERVING FACILITY. NCAR PLANS TO BUILD A 25,000 SQUARE FOOT RESEARCH LABORATORY BUILDING ON THE SITE, WHICH WILL BE SHARED BY NOAA STAFF. IN THIS WAY WE EXPECT RAPID INTERCHANGE OF IDEAS AND CAPABILITIES, AND MAJOR STRENGTHENING OF THE COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN ERL, NCAR AND THE UNIVERSITIES, WITH VERY MAJOR BENEFITS TO ALL CONCERNED, INCLUDING THE U.S. TAXPAYER.

THE FOURTH USE, WHICH ERL IS JUST BEGINNING TO PLAN, IS

AS THE LOCATION FOR A MAJOR NEW RESEARCH PROGRAM AIMED AT

DEVELOPMENT OF NEW CAPABILITIES FOR IMPROVED FORECASTS OF

LOCAL WEATHER. INITIALLY THESE WILL BE JUST FOR THE AREA

ADJACENT TO THE SITE: AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE WE HOPE TO

EXPAND THE RESEARCH TO COVER NEW METHODS OF FORECASTING OF

WEATHER FOR THE DENVER REGION, OUT TO PERHAPS 5D OR 60 MILES FROM DENVER. A FINAL USE, WHICH IS JUST BEGINNING TO BE SUGGESTED, IS AS A CENTRAL LOCATION FOR THE STUDY OF THE PROPAGATION OF LIGHT WAVES THROUGH A WELL-INSTRUMENTED ATMOSPHERE, FOR COMMUNICATION AND OTHER PURPOSES.

SO YOU SEE THAT IT IS PLANNED THAT THIS SITE WILL BE THE FOCAL POINT OF MUCH OF THE ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE COUNTRY. IT IS ALSO DESIGNED TO FACILITATE COMMUNICATIONS AND RAPID TRANSFER OF IDEAS AND TECHNOLOGY BETWEEN NOAA, NCAR, AND THE UNIVERSITIES. ITS CREATION WILL HELP AVOID UNNECESSARY DUPLICATION OF FACILITIES OR PROGRAMS BY NOAA AND NCAR, AND WILL MARKEDLY INCREASE THE EFFICIENCY OF USE OF NOAA AND NCAR RESOURCES.

CONTACTS WITH OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES

WE HAVE MADE A MAJOR EFFORT TO INFORM THE PUBLIC, AND POTENTIALLY INTERESTED INDIVIDUALS AND ORGANIZATIONS, OF OUR PLANS. OUR EFFORTS IN THIS AREA ARE SUMMARIZED IN TABLES 1 THROUGH 5, WHICH SHOW RESPECTIVELY THE CONTACTS WE HAVE MADE WITH PUBLIC MEDIA, PRIVATE PERSONS, ENVIRONMENTAL AND SPECIAL INTEREST GROUPS, PUBLIC OFFICIALS, AND PUBLIC MEETINGS AND HEARINGS.

OUR CONTACTS WITH THESE INDIVIDUALS AND GROUPS HAVE, IN ALMOST EVERY CASE, BEEN FAVORABLE, WITH THE PARTIES CONCERNED

EXPRESSING APPRECIATION OF THE EFFORTS WE HAVE MADE TO CONTACT THEM, AND A NEUTRAL OR FAVORABLE ATTITUDE TO THE PROJECT. IN ONE SIGNIFICANT CASE WHERE LOCAL LANDOWNERS LODGED A REQUEST THAT WE MODIFY OUR PLANS TO MOVE THE PROPOSED LOCATION OF THE NCAR BUILDING FURTHER FROM THEIR PROPERTY, WE WERE HAPPY TO BE ABLE TO RESPOND FAVORABLY TO THEIR REQUEST.

PROS AND CONS

I HAVE INDICATED SOME OF THE USES AND BENEFITS WE EXPECT TO DERIVE FROM USE OF THE SITE.

WHAT ARE THE PRINCIPAL NEGATIVE ASPECTS OF THE PROPOSAL?

AVIATION

WE HAVE, OF COURSE, BEEN VERY MUCH AWARE OF
THE POSSIBLE ADVERSE IMPACT OF THE HIGH TOWER ON
AVIATION, ESPECIALLY AS A POSSIBLE HAZARD TO SMALL
AIRCRAFT. WE HAVE SOUGHT TO MINIMIZE THIS BY THE
LOCATION OF THE SITE AS FAR AS PRACTICABLE FROM
LOCAL AIRPORTS (ESPECIALLY STAPLETON) AND BY PROVIDING THE LATEST TYPES OF LIGHTING ON THE TOWER.
THE FAA HAS RULED THAT THE TOWER DOES NOT REPRESENT
A HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION. IT IS IMPORTANT TO
NOTE THAT THE AIRCRAFT OWNERS AND PILOTS ASSOCIATION,
A VERY ACTIVE ORGANIZATION VIGOROUSLY REPRESENTING
THE INTERESTS OF SOME 90,000 PILOTS AND OWNERS
ACROSS THE COUNTRY, LODGED AN INITIAL PROTEST, BUT

ON LEARNING OF THE PROPOSED USES OF THE SITE,
INCLUDING ESPECIALLY THOSE IN SUPPORT OF AVIATION
SAFETY, HAS WITHDRAWN THEIR OBJECTION.

I WILL BE GLAD TO COMMENT FURTHER ON THIS IF YOU WISH, BUT LET ME POINT OUT THAT AT YOUR LAST MEETING, AN EX-AIRLINE PILOT, AND MEMBER OF THE AIRPARK GROUP TO BE LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 1½ - 2 MILES FROM THE TOWER, STATED THAT THESE TWO ADJACENT USES OF THE AIRSPACE WERE INDEED FULLY COMPATIBLE.

2. LIGHTING

THE FAA REQUIRES THAT WE INSTALL THE NEW HIGH INTENSITY WHITE LIGHTS ON THE TOWER. THESE WILL BE VISIBLE FOR MANY MILES AT NIGHT, BUT RECENT DEVELOPMENTS OF LAMPS WITH LOUVERS TO LIMIT THE AMOUNT OF LIGHT WHICH IS DIRECTED DOWNWARDS GREATLY REDUCES THEIR BRIGHTNESS AS VIEWED FROM THE GROUND. THE LATEST INFORMATION WE HAVE IS FROM A LETTER FROM THE MANUFACTURERS (AND I QUOTE) "TO OUR KNOWLEDGE, NO COMPLAINTS OF EXCESSIVE GROUND LIGHT LEVEL HAVE EVER BEEN RECEIVED FROM PEOPLE IN THE AREA" (CLOSE QUOTE) - EVEN WITH LIGHTS AS LOW AS 250 FT. ABOVE GROUND LEVEL IN DENSELY POPULATED URBAN AREAS. WE

WILL PLAN TO REDUCE THE LIGHT LEVEL AT THE GROUND BY THE USE OF LOUVERS, AND BY TILTING THE BEAM UPWARDS TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT ALLOWED BY THE FAA.

3. TRAFFIC

THE INCREASE IN VEHICLES TO AND FROM THE SITE IS THOUGHT TO BE NEGLIGIBLE. THIS IS ESTIMATED AT 15 TO 30 VEHICLES PER DAY TO THE SITE, ONCE THE NCAR BUILDING HAS BEEN ERECTED.

4. AIRCRAFT FLIGHTS

ONE USE OF THE TOWER WILL BE TO CHECK AND
CALIBRATE NCAR'S INSTRUMENTED AIRCRAFT. THIS WILL
INVOLVE OCCASIONAL DAYS, AN AVERAGE OF PERHAPS ONE
PER MONTH, COORDINATED WITH THE FAA, WHEN AN AIRCRAFT
WILL FLY REPEATEDLY PAST THE TOWER (AT TOWER TOP
HEIGHTS) AT INTERVALS OF PERHAPS 15 MINUTES. WE
BELIEVE THAT SUCH FLIGHTS WILL BE LIMITED TO A FEW
HOURS ON ABOUT 10 DAYS PER YEAR.

IN ADDITION, DURING MAJOR ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH EXPERIMENTS, THE AIRCRAFT MAY FLY PATTERNS WHICH INCLUDE SEVERAL PASSES BY THE TOWER ON PERHAPS 25 DAYS PER YEAR. THESE WILL INCLUDE SOME AT TOWER HEIGHTS, AND ALSO OTHERS AT GREATER HEIGHTS.

SOME ADDITIONAL BENEFITS:

I HAVE SPOKEN OF THE VERY IMPORTANT BENEFITS WHICH WILL ACCRUE TO ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH AND THE U.S. TAXPAYER AS A RESULT OF FASTER, MORE EFFECTIVE RESEARCH LEADING TO IMPROVEMENTS IN WEATHER MONITORING AND FORECASTING, AND AVIATION SAFETY -- BUT WHAT ARE SOME OF THE BENEFITS TO WELD COUNTY AND COLORADO? WE BELIEVE THAT WELD COUNTY AND COLORADO WILL GAIN A NUMBER OF BENEFITS IF WE ARE ALLOWED TO GO AHEAD AS PLANNED. THESE INCLUDE:

- SOME ADDITIONAL JOBS, ESPECIALLY DURING THE CON-STRUCTION PHASE.
- = STRENGTHENING OF THE ALREADY STRONG ROLE OF COLORADO
 IN ATMOSPHERIC R&D,
- CONTINUOUS AVAILABILITY OF REAL-TIME METEOROLOGICAL

 DATA FROM THE TOWER AND OTHER INSTRUMENTATION TO

 INTERESTED PARTIES. THIS WILL BE OF PARTICULAR

 INTEREST AND BENEFIT TO GENERAL AVIATION, AND TO

 AIR POLLUTION AUTHORITIES.
- LOCATION OF RESEARCH WEATHER FORECASTING PROGRAM IN
 DENVER AREA, HOPEFULLY LEADING TO EASTERN COLORADO
 BEING FIRST WITH NEW AND IMPROVED WEATHER FORECASTS.
- IMPROVED TRAINING OPPORTUNITIES FOR COLORADO STUDENTS
 AND UNIVERSITIES

— IMPROVED MANUFACTURING OPPORTUNITIES FOR COLORADO INDUSTRY INTERESTED IN BUILDING REMOTE SENSING INSTRUMENTATION.

WE RESPECTFULLY REQUEST YOUR SUPPORT OF THE NECESSARY REZONING OF THE LAND.

I WILL BE GLAD TO TRY TO ANSWER ANY QUERIES YOU MAY HAVE.

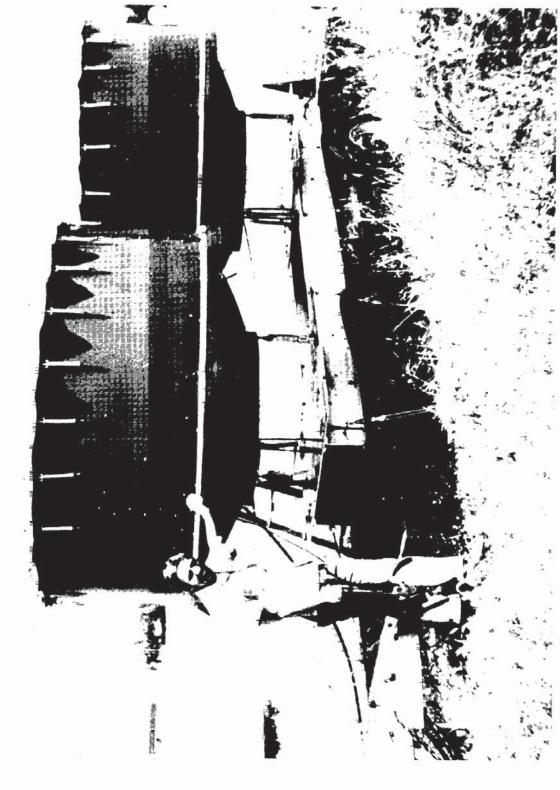


Figure 1

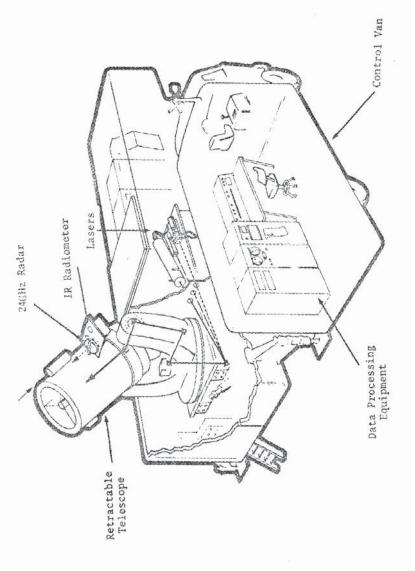
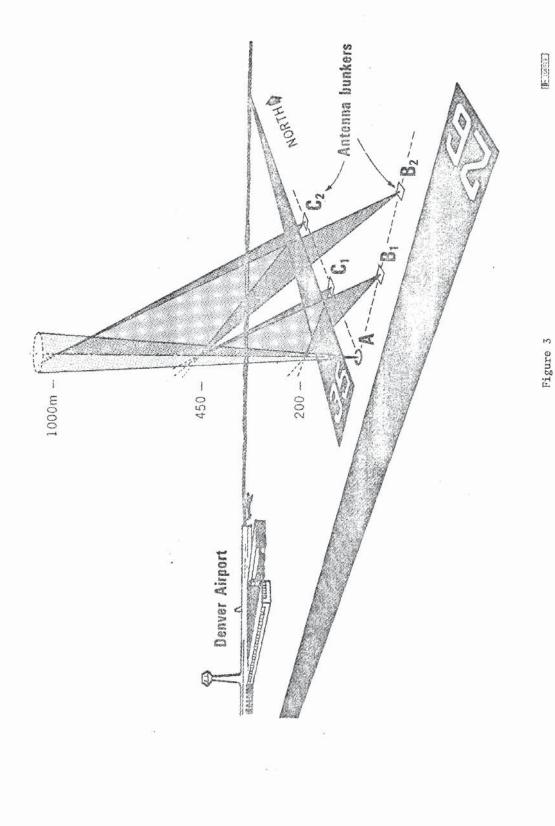
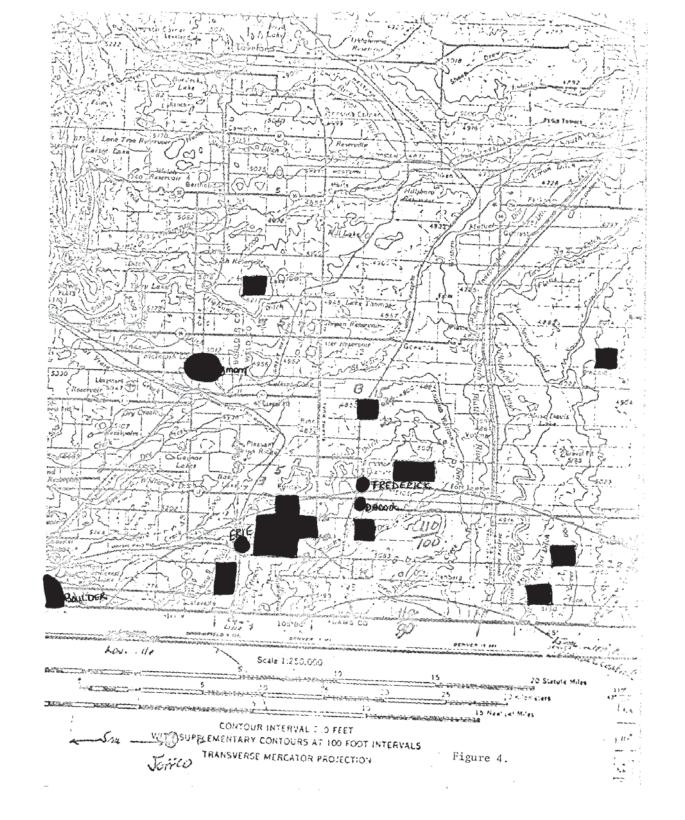
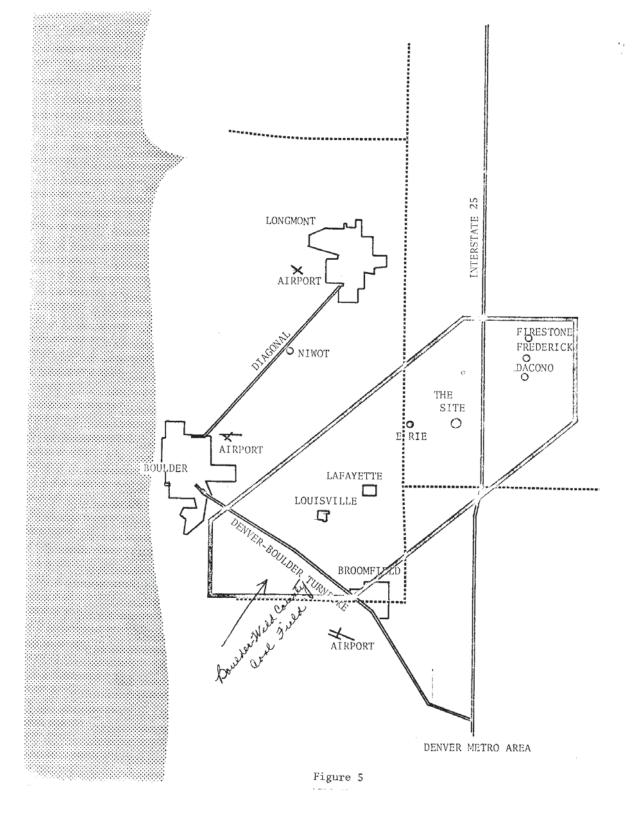


Figure 2







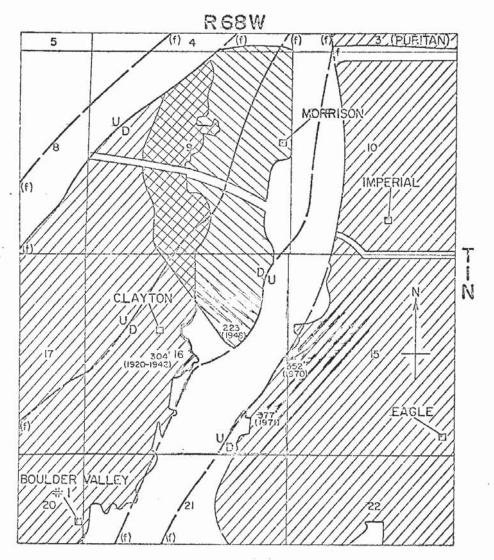


Figure 6
Map Showing Faults and Extent of Mining in Vicinity of Site (Scale 1:24000)

Extent of mining in Coalbed No. 6

Extent of mining in Coalbed No. 3

- Mine shaft
- Ocre hole 352' Depth to mining near core hole number (1970) Date of mining near core hole

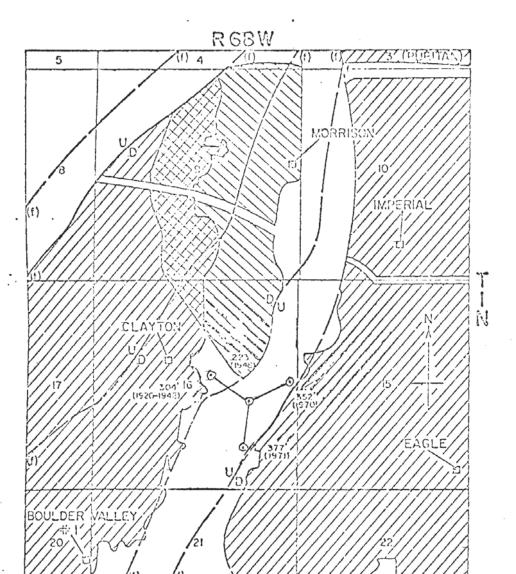


Figure 7.

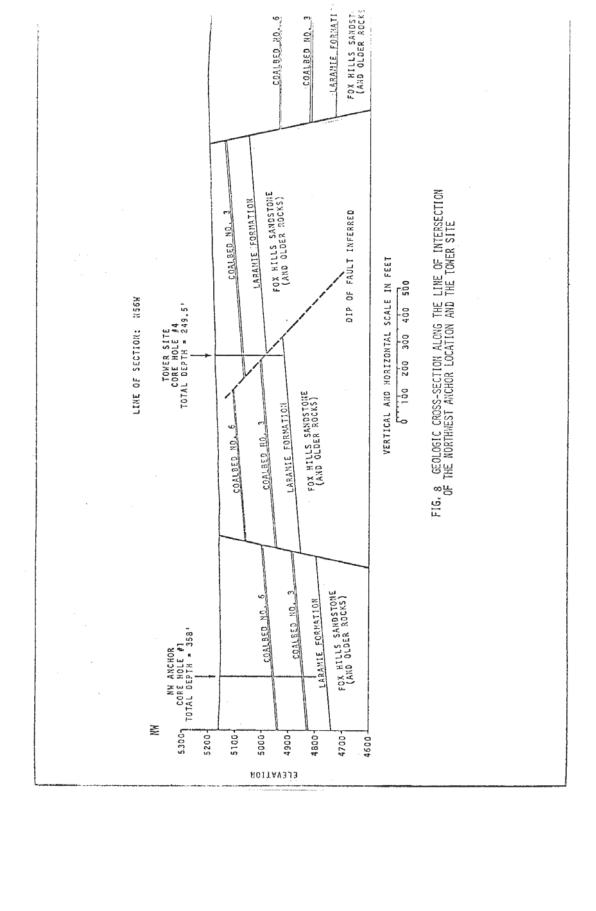
Map Showing Faults and Extent of Mining in Vicinity of Site (Scale 1:24000)

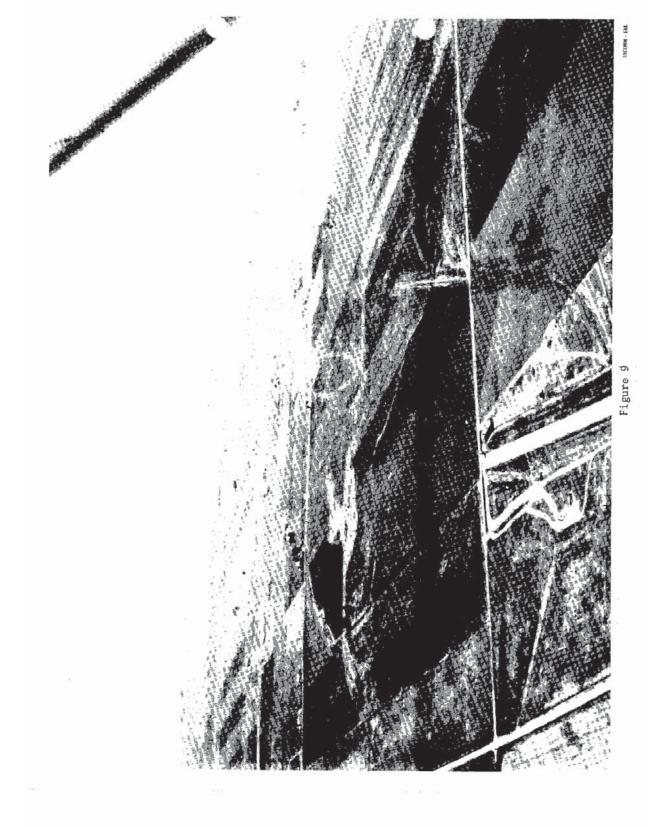
Extent of mining in Coalbed No. 6

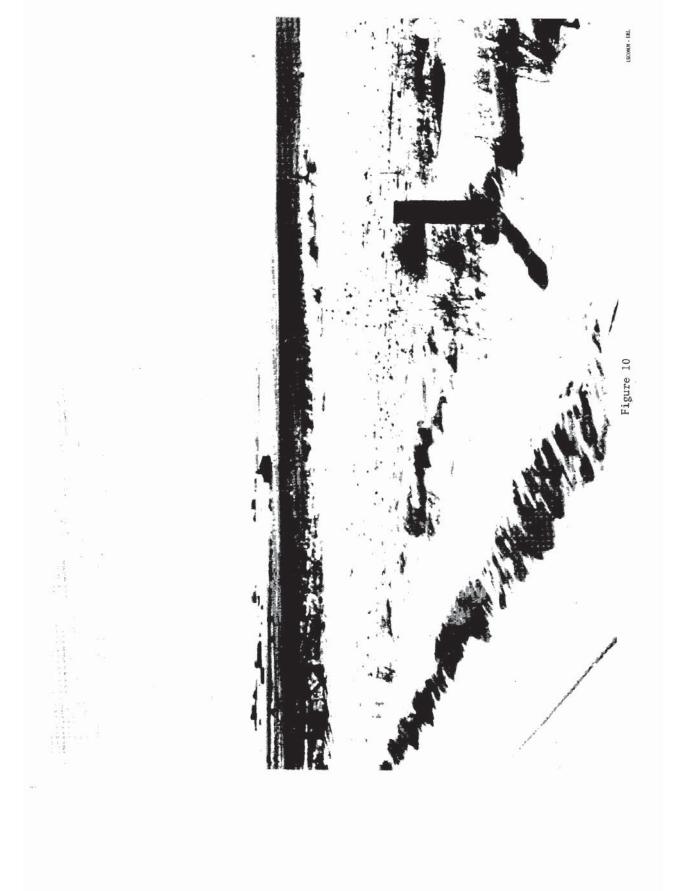
Extent of mining in Coalbed No. 3

Mine shaft

O Core hole 352' Nepth to mining near core hole number (1970) Date of mining near core hole







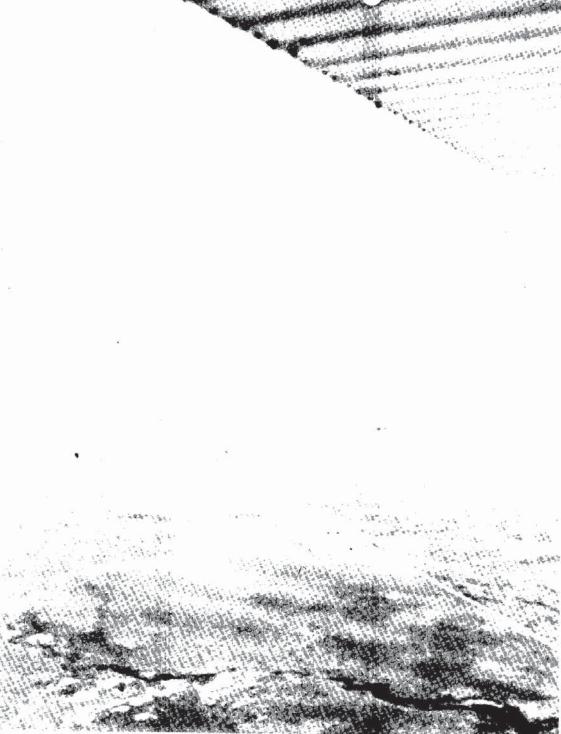


Figure 11 ISOMM-EAL

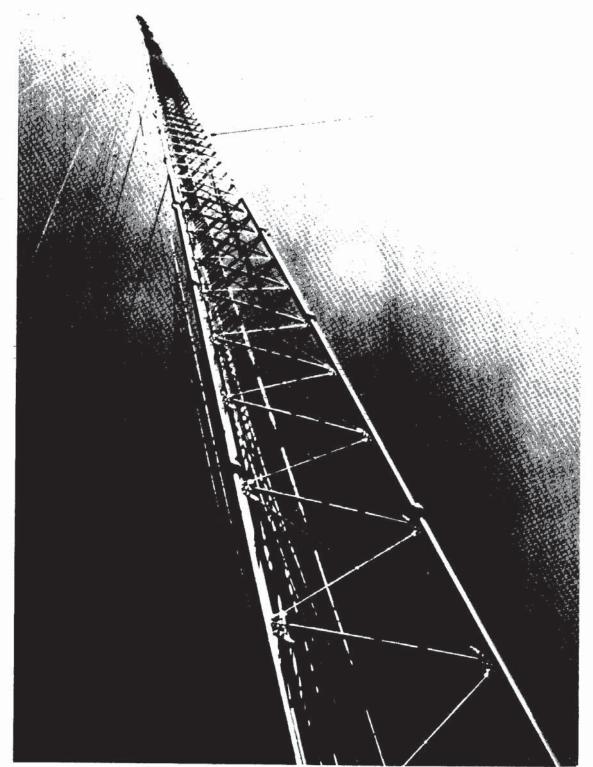


Figure 12 USCOMM-ERI

alle ..

JMOF - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STUDY

PUBLIC MEDIA CONTACTED

NEWS PAPER

BOULDER DAILY CAMERA

TOWN & COUNTRY REVIEW

DENVER POST

ROCKY MOUNTAIN NEWS

ADAMS COUNTY ALMANAC/DISPATCH SENTINEL/JOURNAL SENTINEL

BERTHOUD BULLETIN

LAKEWOOD SENTINEL/WHEAT RIDGE SENTINEL

LOUISVILLE TIMES

LEADER (BROOMFIELD)

ARVADA CITIZEN

ADAMS COUNTY STANDARD

BRIGHTON BLADE

BROOMFIELD STAR

FREDERICK FARMER & MINER

LONGMONT SCENE

LONGMONT TIMES CALL

GREELEY BOOSTER

PLATTEVILLE HERALD

JOHNSTOWN BREEZE

LOVELAND REPORTER-HERALD

GREELEY TRIBUNE & REPUBLICAN

GREELEY JOURNAL

TELEVISION

KOA - CHANNEL 4
KMGH - CHANNEL 7
KBTV - CHANNEL 9
KWGN - CHANNEL 2

RADIO

KBOL

KADE

JMOF - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STUDY

PUBLIC MEETINGS AND HEARINGS

PLAN BOULDER COUNTY -

Town Council, Erie, Colorado

JMOF PROGRAM PLAN - ERIE HIGH SCHOOL

AIR FORCE ASSOCIATION

PUBLIC OFFICIALS CONTACTED

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

SENATOR FLOYD HASKELL

STATE REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM HILSMEIER

ED T≢EPE

- BOULDER COUNTY PLANNING DIRECTOR

BABETTE SMITH

- BOULDER CITY PLANNING OFFICE

RUTH CORRELL

- BOULDER CITY COUNCIL

PHILLIP STERN

- Office of the District Attorney

ROBERT FLEMING

- ADAMS COUNTY PLANNING DIRECTOR

HARLAN BROCK

- MAYOR, ERIE, COLORADO

VIRGIAL PURYEAR - DIRECTOR, COLORADO STATE COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION

HARVEY MILLER

- REGIONAL OFFICE,

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

JOSEPH FUSS

- CHIEF, DACONA FIRE DISTRICT

THOMAS FISHER

FARMERS RESERVOIR AND IRRIGATION

COMPANY

JMOF - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STUDY

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SPECIAL INTEREST GROUPS CONTACTED

AIRCRAFT OWNERS AND PILOTS ASSOCIATION

COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

AUDUBON CLUB

PEOPLE UNITED TO RECLAIM THE ENVIRONMENT

COLORADO COUNCIL FOR ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

SIERRA CLUB

COLORADO OPEN SPACE COUNCIL

ROCKY MOUNTAIN CENTER ON THE ENVIRONMENT

COLORADO PUBLIC INTEREST RESEARCH GROUP

JMOF - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STUDY

PRIVATE PERSONS CONTACTED

ALL PROPERTY OWNERS WITHIN 500 FEET OF SECTION 16 TIN R68W

MARTHA WEISER

LIGHTS AND GENERAL AVIATION

JAMES HUTCHINSON

-- AIRPORT OPERATOR

EARL BOLTON

PILOT, BOULDER AVIATION

ADVISOR TO COUNCIL OF

GOVERNMENTS

BEN LOWELL

-- PILOT, CHAIRMAN BOULDER
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
AVIATION SUBCOMMITTEE

Joint Meteorological Observing Facility

of

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

and

National Center for Atmospheric Research

A3 Development Criteria

The JNOF is proposed to be a 620 acre field site owned by the Federal Government for the measurement of atmospheric science parameters, and the development, testing, demonstration and calibration of new remote sensing instruments capable of measuring these parameters. A 985' (300 m) guyed tower is proposed for the site. Meteorological instrumentation will be mounted at seven levels on the tower. The tower will have a ten-foot cross-section, an internal man-rated elevator and an external carriage on which mounted instruments will traverse the height of the tower.

S.,

At the JNOF, the National Center for Atmospheric Research plans to erect a 25,000 square foot research laboratory and office building to house 30 to 40 staff.

The site for the planned JMOF was selected after a thorough survey considering fifteen alternate sections of land in Weld County. The section selected has been extensively undermined by activity of the Morrison, Clayton and Eagle mines. The tower and permanent buildings are to be sited on a natural geological fault. Soils examination and

deep geological corings in the fault zone have been accomplished at the site of the tower. The tower site has been proved safe from any risk of subsidence. Much of the surrounding land has been classified as unsafe or subject to severe risk from subsidence for any surface use other than agriculture. These findings are contained in the study, Coal Mine Subsidence and Land Use in the Boulder-Weld Coalfield issued by Amuedo and Ivey, Consulting Geologists, for the State of Colorado, Boulder and Weld Counties.

It is believed the JMOF represents a careful attempt to provide optimum land use for the proposed site.

a. Permitted Uses

Tower instruments will operate continuously to measure temperature, pressure, wind velocity and direction, and humidity.

A variety of instruments and measurement systems will be located on the ground and around the perimeter of the tower. These instruments will operate at acoustic, optical and radio frequencies. Initially, instruments mounted on vehicles will utilize the site for measurement and calibration purposes. Eventually, a few locations for such vehicles will be prepared to include a stabilized parking surface, tie downs, electrical power connections.

Standard weather bellooms will be launched from the site. Tethered ballooms will be flown from time to time during field experiments. Aircraft will occasionally fly-by the upper levels of the tower for instrument calibration purposes.

The proposed permanent building will house offices, electronic and mechanical laboratories of NCAR's Field Observing Facility. Pending erection of the permanent building, portable office-laboratory modules will be situated near the proposed building site. Approximately 2400 square feet of space will be provided to include sanitary facilities designed to meet Weld County Health Department Standards.

Until the permanent building is erected only 4 or 5 persons will work daily at the JMOF. They will be joined by other NOAA and NCAR research staff and guest researchers on intermittent visits. During large field measurement experiments twelve to fifteen persons may be on site daily for one to three week periods.

- b. Residential Density Not Applicable.
- c. Commercial Floor Area and uses Not Applicable.
- d. Interim Land Use.

Prior to land purchase NOAA proposes to lease from present owners three parcels of land. The first will be an area defined as a circle with a

radius of 1200' where the center represents the tower location. This area will be seeded into native dry land grasses. The objective is to obtain a uniform ground cover around the tower site.

The second lease parcel will include the balance of the 120 acres in the NE quarter of Section 16 owned by Roy and Beverly Carlson.

The third lease parcel will include an initial 5 acres to be developed for the temporary space and support facilities situated in the SE quarter of Section 16.

Most of the 620 acres of land should continue in dry land cultivation as has been the practice. Separate agreements with the present lessee and owners pending land purchase will accommodate field experimental needs on a mutually agreed interference and cost basis.

e. Site preparation.

Weed and dust control will be practiced on all land controlled by NOAA-NCAR.

- Dedicated or reserved school lands Not Applicable.
- g. Lighting

The JMOF tower will display flashing white strobe lights at three levels on each side. These FAA preferred warning lights will operate continuously

24 hours a day. There will be emergency electrical power source available. Standard mercury vapor lights will be installed on the tower to illuminate the immediate ground area. Similar outside lights on the office-lab modules will light the parking area and walkways to the modules.

- h. Street Standards Not Applicable.
- i. Structures adjacent to streets.

Temporary and permanent structures will have a minimum set-back of 75' from any right-of-way.

Visual Considerations.

The tower will appear as a slender shaft of uniform cross-section for the entire height. It will be triangular in shape. The three principal members and cross supports are tubular shapes. The elevator and carriage will operate within structural guideways. Instrument booms will project from the tower at six levels out to distances of ten to twelve feet. The booms are to be extendable from either of two sides of the tower. Normally, all booms will be extended on the same side at a given time. Instruments mounted on the booms are small. With the exception of cuptype anemometers and the carriage there will be no continuous movements on the tower.

The tower will be guyed with fifteen pre-stretched steel cables connected to six anchors situated at distances of 500' and 900' from the tower. Each concrete and steel anchor extends about four feet above ground with a large structural mass below ground. The tower will be galvanized and will appear a uniform dull grey after weathering.

The strobe light fixtures are designed to screen most light from direct view from the ground out to a radius of approximately 2.2 miles from the tower. At night, within this distance on the ground, there will be an awareness that there are lights on the tower. However, the brightness of the lights will only be slightly perceived. At distances beyond two miles the lower level of lights may begin to be seen directly. The brightness continues to be greatly diminished since the main beam of the light is still focused upward at an angle of 2°. At the distance of approximately 16 miles and an elevation of 6800° the main beam of the middle and upper level lights intersects the ground. The light intensity has been reduced by the atmosphere to a point that will be perceived only as a bright planet Venus at two levels.

- k. Non-residential uses Not Applicable.
- Lot standards Not Applicable.
- m. Architectural and Building Standards.

The design and installation of any temporary or permanent structures for human occupancy will conform to Weld County Building Codes. Building permits will be obtained as appropriate. The tower has been designed to meet or exceed engineering standards for this type structure. All plans and specifications have been developed with the guidance of Minasian Associates, consulting engineers and tall tower specialists.

n. Parking.

On site parking is planned for all vehicular traffic. Initially, stabilized parking for approximately twelve vehicles will be provided adjacent to the office-lab modules. Additional parking facilities will be part of the plan for the permanent FOF facility.

o. Landscaping.

Landscaping will be designed and proposed later as part of the permanent FOF facility.

p. Signs.

An initial, unlighted, painted, wooden sign 6' x 4' will be installed adjacent to the access road off County Road 8 leading to the office-lab modules.

- Common Open Space Not Applicable.
- Utility design standards and maintenance.

Extensions of utility services to on-site meters will be accomplished by suppliers or as appropriate by NOAA in accordance with suppliers specifications. All on-site distributions will conform to uniform electrical and mechanical codes. All on-site installations and maintenance down stream from meters will be the responsibility of NOAA-NCAR.

Access limitations.

Principal vehicular access to the JMOF will be off County Road No. 8 at a point agreed to by the County. Secondary access to interior pads for the occasional use by trucks towing or mounting measurement systems will be planned at one or more safe points to be arranged with the county. An 8' high security fence will surround the tower base to prevent unauthorized access to the tower.

All other covenants, grants of easements or restrictions to be imposed upon the use of land, building and structures.

The Federal Aviation Administration issued on November 26 a determination that a tower height of 985' (6165' above mean sca level) . is not a hazard to aviation. This determination was made to Aeronautical Study No. 75-RM-128-OE dated June 20, 1975 for construction of a proposed 300 m (985') tall tower at the JMOF site.

The height of the JNOF tower is extremely relevant to the quantity and quality of atmospheric science research at the JNOF. If experience with the 985' tall tower provides clear evidence the effectiveness of the research program is hampered due to a less than optimum tower height, NOAA-NCAR may propose at such time in the future to increase the height of the tower.

- B. Written Material Supporting Documents.
- 1. The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration has been appointed by the following land owners to act as their attorney-in-fact in the matter of applying for rezoning for scientific planned unit development for their land situated in Section 16 TIN R68W. Pertinent. documents are attached from:
 - -Ray H. and Beverly J. Carlson
 - -Raymond H. Simpson

 for State of Colorado State Board of Land Commissioners.
- 2. Summary statement of application.
 - a. Total development area.

The proposed area for the JMOF is the entire Section 16, T1N R68W excluding only those subtracts in the NE quarter, specifically NE1, NE1A, NE3, and NE5. The area proposed for rezoning totals 620 acres more or less.

Total number of proposed dwelling units.

None.

c. Total number of square feet of non-residential floor space.

25,000 square feet in the permanent FOF effice-laboratory building are planned.

- d. An initial off street parking area for twelve vehicles is planned. Additional parking is contemplated as part of the eventual permanent FOF facility plan.
- e. Estimated total number of gallons per day of water system requirements where a distribution system is proposed.

Not Applicable.

f. Water Supply Source.

The Left Hand Water Supply Company, Niwot, Colorado has agreed to furnish domestic water to the JMOF where points of use are in the east half of Section 16.

g. Type of sewage disposal system.

An individual sewage disposal system will be designed and installed to meet Weld County standards. A septic tank with absorption field system is contemplated for the initial

system serving the office-laboratory modules. The eventual system for the expanded need will be designed to meet this need.

- h. Not Applicable.
- i. Uses to be developed in the area and the proposed density of development.

Principal uses include an 985' tall instrumented meteorological tower, laboratory and office space, and associated parking area. Remaining land area to continue as open space under dry land cultivation or dry land pasturage. A variety of meteorological measurement instruments or systems will be located around the tower on the ground and at different points on the development.

j. General time schedule of expected completion dates of various elements of the plan.

March 1976 - First leases for land in East 1/2 of Section 16.

April-May 1976. - Dry land grasses seeded into tower area.

March 1977 - Office-laboratory modules started, sanitary facility installed,

June 1977 - Tower crection commences.

August 1977 - Tower erection completed.

October 1977 - Design of FOF building commemces.

January 1978 - Possible land purchase.

February 1978 - Weld County review of FOF plan.

June 1978 - Construction of FOF building begins.

December 1978 - FOF building completed.

k. Explanation of how open space will be preserved and maintained.

Prior to purchase, land in the vicinity of the tower and the interim office-lab modules will be planted and maintained in dry land natural grasses. The remaining land of the development will continue in existing pasture or dryland farming. After purchase and based on experience with the meteorology over the strip-cultivated land around the tower site, a decision will be made either to continue the farming practice or to plant the remaining cultivated land in natural dry land grasses. All lands under the control of NOAA-NCAR will be maintained as free of weeds as good land management practices permit.

- Size and scope of shopping facilities, if any Not Applicable.
- m. Size and scope of other community facilities Not Applicable.
- n. Financial plan.

All outlays will be from appropriated funds of the U. S. Government.



ATMOSPHERIC TECHNOLOGY DIVISION

P. O. Box 3000 • Boulder, Colorado 80303 Telephone: (303) 494-5151 • TWX: 910-940-3245 • Telex: 045-694

31 December 1975

Mrs. Ann Moore Deputy County Planner 1516 Hospital Road Greeley, Colorado 80631

Dear Mrs. Moore:

It may be helpful to place in formal context the reasons why the Field Observing Facility (FOF) of NCAR should be contiguous to the JMOF meteorological tower proposed for Section 16, just east of Erie. The reasons arise from the technical, operational and economic aspects of the situation as follows:

- 1. The FOF is charged with the development, modification, calibration, and operation of instrumentation to gather meteorological data for research purposes. It is clear that, once operational, the JMOF tower will become a focus and integral part of nearly all FOF data acquisition and calibration activities in the local area for the forseeable future. Thus, FOF personnel and laboratories need to be contiguous to the tower to permit ready access for maximum effectiveness.
- 2. A requirement exists for a control, data acquisition and recording, and preliminary data processing capability at the tower site. This will be housed in the NCAR laboratory and office building. FOF technical personnel will be active in its routine operation. During peak workloads additional FOF staff will be diverted to carry the additional responsibilities.
- 3. Scientists and engineers, both visiting and Boulder based, utilizing the tower will have need for electronic, instrument, and mechanical laboratories at the site in order to accomplish modifications, repair and testing in a timely fashion at the site while utilizing the tower. The NCAR facility on-site will contain its own and special JMOF laboratories for such joint usage.
- 4. Intragroup cooperation, team efforts and managerial control are enhanced when various elements of the same organization are in proximity. FOF personnel will be assigned to the JMOF for operations, many FOF functions, as described earlier, will tend to focus on the tower. Co-location of all participant personnel with the tower will increase operational efficiency.

The National Center for Atmospheric Research is Operated by the University Corporation for Atmospheric Research under sponsorship of the National Science Foundation.



31 December 1975

5. Joint usage of the site by NOAA and FOF/NCAR will result in less ultimate cost to the taxpayer than if FOF were to locate and operate a separate site.

-2-

I hope that the foregoing provides a useful exposition of our reasoning. Either I or Robert Serafin, the FOF Manager, will be pleased to respond to any questions you may have.

Sincerely,

McClus Madeud C Nelder Medrud, Jr. Field Observing Facility

Date

: September 22, 1975

To

John W. Connolly

NOAA HQ

From

C. Gordon Little, R. T. Frost

Wave Propagation Laboratory

Subject

RATIONALE FOR

THE JOINT METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVING FACILITY

THE PROPOSAL:

The JMOF is proposed to be a 620-acre field site for the measurement of atmospheric science parameters, and the development, testing, demonstration and calibration of new remote sensing instruments capable of measuring these parameters. The proposed site is located on Section 16, TlN R68W, situated 2 miles east of the town of Erie, Colorado, in Weld County and 1 mile west of I-25. A 500 m (1640') guyed tower is proposed for the site; meteorological instrumentation will be mounted at 10 levels on the tower. The tower will have a 10-foot cross-section, an internal man-rated elevator and an external carriage on which mounted instruments will traverse the height of the tower. The tower will be equipped at five levels with the latest FAA preferred strobe lights.

The top of the proposed 500 m (1640') tower will be at an elevation of 6,714' (2046 m) above sea level. The tower is situated 12 miles from the Jeffco, Longmont, and Boulder airports and 21.6 miles from Stapleton International Airport.

At the JMOF, the National Center for Atmospheric Research proposes to erect a 21,000 square foot research lab and office building to house 30 to 40 staff.

REASONS FOR THE PROPOSED LOCATION:

1. With both ERL and NCAR in Boulder, the JMOF will be used on a daily basis by the largest concentration of atmospheric researchers in the nation, to advance both atmospheric technology and atmospheric science. U. S. universities will obtain access to JMOF through NCAR; other Federal agencies will obtain access through ERL.

The JMOF must be close to Boulder to obtain these benefits. It will greatly enhance the productivity of ERL's and NOAA's instrumentation programs, and will have major impact on the atmospheric research conducted by the two agencies.

- 2. The proposed site is sufficiently distant from the foothills of the Rockies to minimize the effects of the mountains. This requirement is necessary in order to simplify the meteorology of the site.
- 3. The selected site is relatively smooth, horizontal and uniform, with minimum vegetation and terrain features.
- 4. Best site for land utilization. Tower and building have been sited at locations proved safe by deep geological drilling. The sites are surrounded by mined-out coal fields where subsidence poses a high risk to any land use other than agriculture. This fact ensures reasonable k protection of the regional environment from man-made activity that might interfere with measurements at the site in the future.

Note that the loss of agricultural potential is minimal, since it is currently used only for dry land farming.

- 5. Best availability of the land. Three-fourths of the section is owned by the Colorado State Land Board. A friendly condemnation action will permit ownership of the site at reasonable cost. The balance of the 140 acres available is owned by one person interested in a land trade now for part of his land and lease/sale of the balance. Conclusion of a land trade will provide NCAR the owned site required for the proposed building.
- 6. Acceptable impact on the environment. Reception of the proposal by immediately affected property owners has been supportive or neutral.
- 7. The site is as remote as practicable from airports (over 20 miles from Stapleton, over 10 miles from each of the three local general aviation airports). Sites significantly further east would not be acceptable to NCAR, and would result in the breakdown of the JMOF agreement. Such sites would also significantly reduce the ease with which ERL could use the facility, and hence its usefulness to ERL.

REASONS FOR THE 500 M HEIGHT TOWER:

- 1. Experience over the last eight years has shown that a tall meteorological tower in close proximity to Boulder is essential if NOAA's \$2.5 million per year remote sensing program is to proceed efficiently. It will greatly aid similar instrumentation programs in NCAR, and will also serve as an essential component of major future joint research experiments on the atmospheric boundary layer.
- 2. 500 meters is the optimum height of an instrumented tower for these observations. Any less height diminishes rapidly the quantity, quality, TENERAL CONTRACT and range of the results which will be obtained by the scientists and engineers conducting their programs at the JMOF

- 3. Remote sensing instruments on the ground will observe the same phenomena as the instruments on the tower. With the full profile of absolute measurements made possible from the 500 meter tower, the quantities measured by remote sensors can be verified and interpreted. As a result of this program, it is expected that ground-based remote sensing instruments will eventually replace the need for meteorological towers.
- 4. Measurements taken by the Colorado State Pollution Board show that 80% of the time the entire depth of the pollution layer over the Denver Metropolitan region could be observed by a 500 meter tower. This total profile would be invaluable in measuring the interaction of pollutant aerosols with meteorological parameters that increase or diminish their concentration near the earth's surface.
- 5. Existence of the 500 meter tower will speed the development and applied use of remote sensing devices. Such applications will be most beneficial in monitoring airport environments, including hazards such as wind shear and clear air turbulence near the ground.

APRONAUTICAL STUDY, NO. 75-RM-128-0E RECEIVED #: ' v = 1 Karria - diasiea

DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION

SPONSOR		CONSTRUCTION TOCATION PLACE NAME Erie, Colorado			
Sp		40°02'54"	105°00'12"		
	DESCRIPTION	HEIGHT (IN FEET)			
-	ROPOSED Guyed Meteorological Tower	985	6165'		

An aeronautical study of the proposed construction described above has been completed under the provisions of Part 77 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. Based on the study it is found that the construction would have no substantial adverse effect on the safe and efficient utilization of the navigable airspace by aircraft or on the operation of air navigation facilities. Therefore, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, it is hereby determined that the construction would not be a hazard to air navigation that the following security are study or the substantial according to the substantial area of the substantial according to the substantiale gation trovided the following conditions are met:

(conditions: 1. The structure is obstruction lighted day and night with high

intensity white obstruction lights in accordance with FAA Obstruction 'arking and Lighting Advisory Circular 70/7460-1D, Chapter 6.

Supply ental notice of construction is required any time the project is abandoned (use the enclosed FAA form), or

- II) At least 48 hours before the start of construction (use the enclosed FAA form).
- Within five days after the construction reaches its greatest height (use the enclosed FAA form). X) Within five do
 X) Not required.

, property

This determination expires on July 7, 1977 unless:

t. extended, revised or terminated by the issuing office;
the construction is subject to the licensing authority of the Federal Communications Commission and an application for a construction permit is made to the FCC on or before the above expiration data. In succeeding the application of the processing the application of the processing the application of the processing the application. expires on the date prescribed by the FCC for completion of construction, or on the date the FCC denies the application.

This determination is subject to review if an interested party files a petition on or before December 28, 1975 event e-petition for review is filed, it should be submitted in triplicate to the Chief, Airspace Obstruction and Airports Branch, AT-240, Federal Aviation Administration, Washington, D.C. 20590, and contain a full statement of the basis upon which it is made.

This determination becomes final on January 7, 1976 unless a petition for review is timely filed, in which case the determination will not become final pending disposition of the petition. Interested parties will be notified of the grant of any review.

An account of the study findings, acronautical objections, if any, registered with the FAA during the study, and the basis for the FAA's decision in this motter will be found on the following page(s).

If the structure is subject to the licensing authority of the FCC, a copy of this determination will be sent to that Agency.

L. R. Robinson	Olins Adv. Burffin Division	
L. R. ROBISON	Chief, Air Traffic Division	
Aurora, Colorado	November 28, 1975	
FAA Form 7460-9 (4-71)		Page 1 of Pages GPO 910-226

On June 20, 1975, the PAA circularized a Public Notice soliciting written comments in regard to the effect of a proposed 985' AGL/6165' AMSL tower, to be located near Erie, Colorado, on the safe and efficient use of airspace by aircraft.

In response thereto, objections were received from the Aircraft Owners and Pilots Association (AOPA) and the Jefferson County Colorado Airport Manager. Basically, the AOPA and the airport manager contended that the proposed structure would have an adverse effect on visual flight rule operations and pose a hazard for air navigation.

The seronautical study disclosed, as proposed, the meterological tower would exceed the obstruction standards of the Federal Aviation Regulations Part 77, as follows:

Section 77.23(a)(1) by 485 feet, that height above 500 feet above ground level. (AGL)

Section 77.23(a)(3) in that it would raise the minimum radar vectoring altitude (MVA) from 6700 feet to 7200 feet mean sea level (MSL) within a three nautical mile radius of the proposed structure.

The study also disclosed:

1. That raising the minimum radar vectoring altitude from 6,700 feet to 7,200 feet (MSL) within a three nautical mile radius of the proposed structure would have no substantial adverse effect on instrument flight rule (1FR) operations at the Stapleton International or Jefferson County airports. Aircraft are normally vectored no lower than 7,000 feet MSL in the vicinity of the proposed site. Therefore, a change in the minimum radar vectoring altitude within a three nautical mile radius of the structure can be accomplished without having a substantial adverse effect on IFR aeronautical operations.

The proposed 985' AGL/6165' AMSL meterological tower would not require an increase in any other instrument minimum flight altitude, minimum obstacle clearance altitude, altitudes associated with over-lying Federal airways or change any instrument approach procedures at Stapleton International or Jefferson County Airports.

 The proposed structure would be located approximately 1-1/2 statute miles west of Interstate 25 and would **

penetrate airspace occasionally used by pilots conducting VFR flight beneath low ceiling conditions using Interstate 25 as a visual navigational reference between Denver, Colorado and Cheyenne, Wyoming.

The installation of high intensity white obstruction lights on the proposed structure would assure its conspicuity, thus enabling pilots to observe and avoid the structure.

Based on the foregoing, the FAA has concluded that existing procedures can be modified to accommodate a 985' AGL/6165' AMSL structure with no substantial adverse effect on the safe and efficient use of airspace.



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORIES Boulder, Colorado 80302

R45

December 15, 1975

Weld County Planning Office 1516 Hospital Road Greeley, Colorado

ATTN: Ann Moore

Greetings:

The Scientific Planned Unit Development for the Joint Meteorological Observing Facility identifies a 1200' radius circle to be specially seeded into dryland native grasses. The meteorological tower will be at the center of the circle. We have contacted staff at the Agronomy Department, Colorado State University to obtain expert advice on the planting project.

Dr. Robert Heil is a soils specialist. He will oversee soils testing, and will advise on any necessary treatment. Dr. William Berg will advise us on the planting.

Best regards.

Sincerely,

Robert T. Frost

NOAA-JMOF Spokesperson





Box 146

Niwot, Colorado 80544

Phone 776-0242

August 28, 1975

Action

Mr. R. T. Frost Wave Propagation Laboratory Commerce Laboratories Boulder, Co. 80302

Mr. Frost:

Your tap request for water service on the 160 acres in Sec. 16, T1N. R68W was approved by our Engineer, but the legal on the request doesn't show your property bordering Weld County Road #7. In this case, we don't have a line for this property.

You listed the description as:

(a) The NW 1_4 of the SE 1_4 of Sec. 16, T1N, R68W (b) The SW 1_4 of the SE 1_4 of Sec. 16, T1N, R68W which indicates to us the land is one-eighth of a mile from our main.

If you can clarify or check this legal description, which when we talked on the phone you said bordered County Rd #7, and it borders our main, water service can be made available.

Thank you,

avid 7. Coleson

David F. Coleson, Manager LEFT HAND WATER SUPPLY COMPANY

DFC:Mc

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LEFT HAND WATER SUPPLY COMPANY

Box 146

Niwot, Colorado 80544

Phone 776-0242

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If there are any quantions of your part, the meridie.

Removatfully,

:20: 10

ec: Lobert Prost



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORIES Boulder, Colorado 80302

D 4

December 16, 1975

Weld County Planning Office 1516 Hospital Road Greeley, Colorado

ATTN: Ann Moore

Greetings:

Attached are additional supporting documents relevant to our submission of the Scientific PUD for the Joint Meteorological Observing Facility. They include:

- 1. Extended power of attorney from Roy and Beverly Carlson.
- 2. Specifications for the tall Meteorological Tower.
- Soils Analysis and Foundation Investigation.
- 4. Engineering Geology Investigations for tower and anchor sites.
- Letter describing contacts with the CSU Dept. of Agronomy regarding planting of native grasses.
- Revised PUD showing proper certification statements and the siting of the proposed NCAR facilities.

The warning lights on the tower will be placed at heights of 100 m (328') 200 m (656') and 300 m (985') on all three sides.

Relative to the modular office-laboratory units for temporary use, we have not decided whether to build or lease these units. Any units procured will meet uniform building code requirements. When we propose to proceed, construction plans and specifications will be submitted to your office for approval in advance of application for a building permit.





Page 2

Our disbursement for the filing fee will come to you from the Denver Treasury Office. I am concerned about any delay that would affect our scheduled January 6 hearing date. Please reassure me your processing will not be held up waiting for this check to arrive.

Best regards.

Sincerely,

Robert T. Frost

NOAA-JMOF Spokesperson

Referrals for NOAA/NCAR

Ric'd	Sent		
Merud Meplu	12-4-75	1.	Federal Aviation Administration Air Traffic Division; attn: John H. McGhee
12/26	12-4-75	2.	Boulder County Planning Commission
choned 12/29	12-4-75	3.	Town of Erie Planning Commission
12/23	12-4-75		Dacono Fire District
12/29	12-4-75	5.	Community Ditch % Akolt, Dick, and Akolt Aftered to Farmers & 1510 Lincoln Center Bldg. 6 452-5566 1660 Lincoln Street Denver, CO 80203 892-5664
12/4	12-4-75	6.	Elmer "Bud" Reynolds, County Communications, Director
12/4	12-17-75	7.	Richard Straub, County Engineer
\$	12-17-75	8.	Soil Conservation Service, Longmont
12/15	12-4-75	9.	Glen Paul, Director County Environmental Health Services
	12-4-75	10.	Richard Shockley, Under-Sheriff
	12-17-75	11.	Joseph Jarvis, Director County Building Inspection Department
should 12/29	12-17-75	12.	Colorado Geologic Survey Attn: David Shelton
N/A	12/26/15	13.	Mr. Graham

Notes:

1. Richard Straub sent copies of

- a. Solicitation of contract for construction
- b. Amuedo and Ivey: "Engineering Geology Investigations"
- c. Robert W. Thompson, Inc.: "Soils Analysis and Foundation Investigation"

2. CGS sent copy of Amuedo and Ivey study

- Joseph Jarvis sent copies a, b, & c as in #1 above
- SCS sent copies of Frost letter concerning vegetation and Robert W. Thompson, Inc. study

RICHARD D. LAMM GOVERNOR STATE OF COLORS

JOHN W. ROLD Director

COLORADO GEOLOGICAL SURVEY DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

254 COLUMBINE BUILDING — 1845 SHERMAN STREET DENVER, COLORADO 80203 PHONE 892-2611

December 26, 1975



Weld County Planning Commission 1516 Hospital Road Greeley, Colorado 80631

Gentlemen:

RE: NOAA/NCAR, REZONING

We have reviewed the plat and supporting documents for the proposed rezoning from agricultural to scientific PUD. The engineering geologic investigation by Amuedo and Ivey thoroughly discusses the geologic constraints which might affect this proposed tower and supporting facilities. We concur with the geologic investigation that the critical factors that could have affected the suitability of the site were 1) ground subsidence over the coal mines and 2) recent movement along the nearby faults. Both of these factors were investigated in detail by Mr. Ivey and his staff for the area in question. This included a general evaluation for the entire property as well as specific analysis of the tower location and the anchor points. The investigation included surface mapping, core logging, geophysical logging, resistivity profiling, and analysis of the data. We believe that this investigation has been adequate to demonstrate the feasibility of the proposed project.

In conclusion, we believe that there is no geologic reason why this rezoning should not be approved based on the data collected and the analysis performed by Mr. Ivey and his staff.

If we can be of any further assistance, please contact our office.

Sincerely,

David C. Shelton Engineering Geologist

cc: Amuedo and Ivey
Robert W. Thompson, Inc.
Land Use Commission

GEOLOGY
STORY OF THE PAST . . . KEY TO THE FUTURE





December 29, 1975

Mrs. Anne Moore, Assistant Zoning Administrator Weld County Planning Commission 1516 Hospital Road Greeley, Colorado 80631

RE: NOAA/NCAR Zone Chance

Dear Mrs. Moore:

We have reviewed the above mentioned application and offer the following comments:

- The soils report and plans for maintaining cover appear adequate. Some provisions for enforcing these plans need to be made a part of any building permit however.
- The overall terrain is relatively flat and if the agricultural use is maintained on the surrounding area, water runoff should not pose a problem.
- We see no real conflict with our interests in the Soil and Water Conservation movement, except that it probably will remove the land from the tax roles.

Sincerely,

Irving Nelson President

IN:R

CONSERVATION - DEVELOPMENT - SELF-GOVERNMENT



Weld County Health Department

FRANKLIN D. YODER, MD. MPH

1516 HOSPITAL ROAD GREELEY, COLORADO 80631 (303) 353-0540 BOARD OF HEALTH

CATHERINE BENSON, AULT HALPH AAB, GREELEY WILLIAM BLICK, ROGGEN CLARENCE SITZMAN, GREELEY DAVID WERNING, DDS, GREELEY

December 15, 1975

T0:

Gary Fortner, Director of Planning-Weld County Planning Commission

FROM:

Glen E. Paul, Director - Environmental Health Services

SUBJECT:

NOAA/NCAR Zone Change

We recommend approval of NOAA/NCAR Zone change. A permit for the individual sewage disposal system is required for installation and designed to meet the Weld County Health Department requirements.

GEP/hv



memorandum

To			_ Date	Dec	cember			
From			1200	1114			-	
Subject: _	Application	from NOAA/NCAR	for	Zone	Change	from	A	to
	Scientific	P.U.U.						

We have reviewed the above application and have the following comments to make. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{T}}$

- 1. The tower should be designed to withstand heavy wind pressure.
- The tower should be located in a position that if failure would occur the traveling public on the county road would not be affected by the falling tower.

Richard L. Straub

RLS/mm

MEMORANDUM

TO:	Thomas Honn	DATE: Dec. 4, 1975
FROM:	Bud Reynolds, Communications Department	
CHDIECT.	Zone Change Application from NOAA/NCAR	

I have reviewed the above mentioned zone change application. I wish to reserve comment until a future date. If I may, I would like to attend the zoning hearing at which this application will be discussed and if possible ask a few questions of the applicants at that time.

If you have any questions or if $\boldsymbol{m}\boldsymbol{y}$ attendance at the hearing is not possible please contact $\boldsymbol{m}\boldsymbol{e}$.

Bud Reynolds





Dacono Area Fire Protection District

Sens Com 17, 1975

7000 CORTES OF A PART CONTROL TO THE TOTAL TO THE T

Re:--Request for months change to now request of UPAA/MGAR STRS:

To have peccived and newtoned the mane and information purpose examination Commenced to me on the above and inchical a po-scriber.

The Decemb Area Wise Production District the recombled to the recombled to the product of the pr

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DACONO, COLORADO 80514



Dacono Area Fire Protection District

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Jacoch T. Ther promise some services promise greenstan constitute.

P.O. BOX 151

DACONO, COLORADO 30514

31 December 1975

Mr. Joseph W. Fuss, Fire Chief Box 151 Dacona, Colorado 89514

Dear Mr. Fuss,

In confirmation of our conversation this morning, let me reiterate that Mr. Frost and I will seek to meet with you during the coming week to discuss fire safety and service requirements for the MOAM/ NCAR Joint Meteorological Facility proposed for Section 16, just east of Erie. I'm very sorry to have had to cancel our meeting this morning but the roads were so treacherous with the heavy, new-fallen snow that we were hesitant to gravel. I also appreciate your courtesy in offering to call at our office when business takes you to Boulder. Please be assured that we will try to copperate in every way to see that fire protection at the site is adequate and that your own problems of arrangement are minimized. I will again phone you to arrange a meeting. In the meantime should it be useful to you to contact me, I can be reached at 494-5151, ext. 754.

Sincerely,

Melder Medrud, Jr.

Mich Michel -





December 23, 1975

planning director

Weld County Planning Commission

1516 Hospital Road

80631 Greeley, Colorado Mr. Thomas E. Hann Zoning Administrator

Request:

Zoning change from Agricultural to Scientific PUD

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Applicants:

National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR)

Approximately 620 acres located two miles east of the Location:

Town of Erie in Section 16, T1N, R68W To accommodate a joint meteorological observatory Purpose:

facility (JMOF) for NCAR and NOAA. The facility will consist of a 985 foot guyed tower and a 25,000 square foot research laboratory and office building to house a staff of 30-40 persons

Dear Mr. Hann:

The purpose of this correspondence is to inform you of those concerns which were expressed by the Boulder County Planning Commission at their regular meeting on Wednesday, December 17, 1975 as a general discussion topic, not by a public hearing. The Boulder County Planning Commission expressed opposition to the location of the request based on information which was received through the referral process without the benefit of a full presentation by representatives of NCAR or NOAA. Their concerns are as follows:

- The proposed height of the tower at the specific location raises the question of the facility constituting a scrious hazard for aircraft traffic in the area.
- 2. Although the proposed tower will not be located in Boulder County, the height and the lighting of the facility will make it visible from many parts of the plains of Boulder County. It is our understanding that the tower will be lighted in three places on three sides and could be a potential visual problem.
- The question was raised as to whether or not the facility would interfere with any existing regional or local communication facilities.

After the Planning Commission considered this referral, the Boulder County Planning Department met with representatives of NOAA and NCAR and would like to make the record clear that the Planning Commission did not question the value of this project to the people, but they were concerned with the specific location of the facility. Hopefully the public hearing process before the Weld County Planning Commission will bring forth testimony to answer the concerns expressed by the Boulder County Planning Commission. If, however, you do not feel that the answers have been given and would like further information from the Boulder County Planning Commission, we would be glad to hold a public hearing concerning this application and allow further testimony to be submitted for reconsideration by the Boulder County Planning Commission.

Thank you for the opportunity to review this request. If you have any questions concerning this letter please feel free to contact me at the Planning Office, 442-1100.

Ed Tepe

Planning Director

ET:fec

xc: Mr. Medrude, N.C.A.R. Mr. Frost, N.O.A.A.



p.o. box 471 13th and apruce st. boulder, colo. 80302



edward a. tepe planning director

October 8, 1975

Board of County Commissioners Weld County 1516 Hospital Road Greeley, Colorado 80631

Dear Board Members:

It is our understanding that a communication facility in the form of a tower is proposed for construction in Weld County. The facility is to be located near Erie and will be visible from a large portion of Boulder County.

The purpose of this letter is to formally request that you send Boulder County a referral on the request in order to determine the impact on Boulder County. Our review of the request can then be returned to you for your review prior to making the final decision on the request.

Planning Director

ET:fec

xc: Board of County Commissioners, Boulder County

October 29, 1975

Mr. Ed Tiopo Boulder County Planner County Courthouse Annex Boulder, Colorado 80302

Dear Ed:

You may be aware from earlier correspondence that MOAA and MCAR are planning the creation of a Joint Meteorological Observing Facility (JMOF) at a site east of Brie. For a regiod of time we were considering an alternate site near Platteville, but that site is no longer under deliberation.

I called Ann Moore at the Weld County Planning Office late last week to advise her of our continued interest in the Brie site. Ann indicated your office had requested a referral of our application for rezoning. At this time, I anticipate we will be submitting our rezoning application to Weld County the first week of January. Representatives of MOAA/MCAR will be most happy to meet with representatives of the Boulder County Planning Office and/or the Planning Commission for discussion on the proposed JMOF. Although the proposed site is in Weld County, we fully appreciate the unique impact this planned research facility (including its tall tower) will have on atmospheric science research and technology based in Boulder, and to the residents of eastern Boulder County.

Please let me know when we can meet with you and others in your office who would like to know more about the JMOF. It is important to learn in advance of possible problems or situations that might affect our ongoing planning.

Sincerely,

Controlly

Robert T. Frost NOAA JEOF Spokesperson

bcc: Little Medrud Hall

ed to

December 27, 1975



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weld County Planning Commission Atten: Tr. Thomas E. Honn Zoning Administrator

We are protesting the requested zone change from Agricultural to Scientific Unit Development on property described as follows: Pt. Sec. 16 TlN R68W.

We recieved a letter on December 27, 1975 on the requested zone change for December 30, 1975 and feel we have not not enough time to adequately study the requested zone change. Until now we have been totaly unaware of any zone change as it has not been posted.

Our main objection is the fact that we are a farming community and would like to continue raising our animals and keep our country atmosphere and we do not understand what a Scientific Unit Development zone is or what it would go to us as property owners.

Also please find enclosed letters from "r. hobert T grost dated September 12, 1975, a letter and map from all property owners in section 16, dated September 22, 1975 and a copy of a letter recieved from Senator Haskell's office dated October 5, 1975, for your consideration.

Since some of our neighbors are away on holiday and will not be aware of this requested zone change we would also like to have an extention of time.

Thank you.



U.S. DEPARTM | | OF COMMERCE
National Oceans and Atmospheric Administration
I NVINONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORIES Boulder, Colorado 80302

R45

October 5, 1975

RECEIVED

04.F 9 13/5

Honorable Floyd K. Haskell United States Senator Denver Federal Building 1961 Stout Street Denver, Colorado 80202

ATTN: Fay Strauss

Dear Senator Haskell:

We appreciate receiving from you the statement of protest from the residents whose property joins the proposed site for a Joint Metcorological Observing Facility near Erie, Colorado. The public meeting held at Erie, on September 18, was intended to inform people (including the persons signing the protest sent to your office) in advance of any commitments, of plans that would affect their environment. This was done in order that any objections could be made known and means of accommodations sought, where at all possible.

As you are aware, land on which permanent building construction is to be undertaken by the government must be owned by the government. From this standpoint, Site A for the proposed NCAR building has been given first preference in our planning because Mr. Roy Carlson, the land owner, has expressed interest in an early land trade through GSA. Such a trade would provide the required "owned" site for the NCAR facility in advance of the specific appropriation to erect the building. We have expected to acquire the remaining 3/4 section through lease from the State of Colorado prior to its purchase.

In light of the concern expressed by the adjacent property owners, we will immediately shift our emphasis to Site B. We will now determine if the State Land Board will negotiate for a similar trade. If so, it is very possible the concerns expressed by the nearby residents can be resolved.

We look forward to working out a satisfactory solution to the problem.

Clyonian Little, Heting Director,

for Wilmot N. Hess, Director

Environmental Research Laboratories





To as property owners wish to protest the joint venture of the Meteorological Observing Facility (JTOF) the Metionial Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and the Mational Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR).

The proposed site for this research and engineering facility is on section sixteen of which we are property owners.

our objection is only to their office and research building in their proposed fite A. located on the north east corner adjacent to our properties.

we strongly feel that a building with a parking lot to accommodate forty personal and their atmospheric research equipment which are mobile and mounted on semitrathers and such, would acriously damage our property value and scenic country atmospher. Also with the added traffic would be a traffic begand to our children.

THOSE HOA and MCAR also have an alternative fite % of which we would have to objection to. One of their dominat selection factors was "Trayel time from Boulder". Site B would be three miles a day closer. Their objection to Site B was the added expense of running water and the lines approximatly an extra half mile. Also it is our understanding that they are not able to obtain a property deed from the state of Colorado for fits B. To were told by Mr. Prost that they would eventually purchase all of this section and therefore we do not understand why they cannot obtain a deed.

We, the projecty owners, Feel that the added expense to JTOF, NOAM and BOAR would be nowlead compared to our lesses to projectly value and environment. We feel that something should be worked out to be agreeable to everyone concerened.

Russell L. Hoodwin

June Hooding

Carlain & Dr. Ving

Carlain & January

Margaret & Knox

Nomin Rty

Manual Margaretice

Manua



R45

September 12, 1975

494-5151 Ex. 740

Jim II. Goodwin Rte 1 Erie, CO 80516 Mr.

Frest 944-1600 Ex 6261

GREETINGS!

I discussed with you by phone, plans for a Joint Meteorological Observing Facility (JMOF) to be developed by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and the National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR).

The proposed site for this research and engineering facility is 2 miles east of the town of Eric on a section of land owned by the State of Colorado, and others.

The purpose of this proposed facility is to serve as an engineering, calibration and test center for new remote sensing instruments. Remote sensing instruments utilizing optical, radio, and acoustic techniques are capable of measuring meteorological characteristics and properties of the atmosphere. Increased use of remote sensing techniques is expected to improve NOAA's forecast and prediction services.

The facility will also support atmospheric science research conducted by NOAA, NCAR and other Federal and University research interests with a wide range of objectives. NOAA and NCAR propose to construct two principal facilities. NOAA will erect a tall meteorological research tower on which instruments will be mounted at several levels to measure temperature, wind speed and direction, humidity, and other atmospheric parameters. The height of the tower is proposed for 300 meters (987'), but will be designed to be extendable to an ultimate height of 500 m (1646'). Other instruments will be located on the ground around the tower. On occasion, aircraft will fly by near the upper levels of the tower to calibrate meteorological instruments.

NCAR proposes to crect on the site a permanent structure of approximately 21,000 square feet. This facility will house electronics and mechanical laboratories, a computerized operations center, and offices. Eventually, 30 to 40 persons will work at the site once permanent facilities are constructed.





The proposed site has been selected after an intensive site survey. These selection factors were dominant.

- -- Meteorology over the site and minimum distance of 15 miles from the Continental Divide.
- -- Travel time from Boulder.
- -- Best land use and cost.
- -- Acceptable impact on the environment.
- -- Acceptable impact on air space.

FRONT

Most of the proposed section is now utilized in dry land wheat farming. Dry land grasses are planned for the area surrounding the tower. Most of the site is undermined. Much of the land has been classified by a State study on coal mine subsidence as high risk for uses other than agriculture. JMOF facilities would be located on areas never mined. Geological studies have been conducted over recent weeks to verify the absence of mining at the proposed sites.

A public meeting is scheduled for 7:30 p.m. on Thursday, September 18, at the Erie High School. Representatives of NOAA and NCAR will discuss the proposed facility and program and answer your questions. You are cordially invited to attend.

Sincerely,

Robert. T. Frost

NOAA-JMOF Spokesperson Dear mrs. Thomas E. Homo

How asked to be notified in writing of we had any Suggestions or objections by Dic 30.25 we Received This letter on Dic 27-25 Sat.

Witch only gives 4 days in which to Reply.

The very some thing happend at our Erie

Town meeting. The people of the Town meeting did not see anything in the paper about this.

Only the people that supported the Town Sow it in the paper. We did bring this to there attensions no basky liked the way in witch they went about this at all. We are being ram. Roded by the Jederial Government with very little time to be a cost. These actions Should be Reviewed as to these equability.

Sonia Gran Torrez



